THE TIMES
Delivered at your home, 25 cents per week.

Victoria Daily Times.

THE ONLY ALWAYS OPEN PHARMACY IN BRITISH COLUMBIA
G. E. JONES, 36 Gov't St.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA, B.C., MONDAY, MAY 7, 1894. No. 113

RINGS

Set with Diamonds (single and in cluster), Rubies, Emeralds, Saphires, Opals and Pearls.

A large assortment of unset stones always on hand which can be mounted at short notice. Prices are AWAY DOWN at

CHALLONER & MITCHELL'S,
.....47 Government Street.

253

Mantles, Jackets, Capes

ARRIVED TO-DAY AND WILL BE ON VIEW TUESDAY, MAY 1.

This shipment, added to 217 already received this spring, makes the largest and best assortment we have ever shown. Most of the garments are "Specialties"—only one of a kind, and being direct from the manufacturers, can—and will—be sold at prices which are charged for inferior goods.

☞ Ladies who have waited for this line will please call as soon as convenient and make selection.

THE WESTSIDE,

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

Victoria, April 28, 1894.

Every Lady

In town will want a pair of those nice laced Dongola boots with patent tips which we are selling at

$1.75 per Pair.

They satisfy the desire to be dressy and are not hard on the pocket-book; they last long, and as long as they last they keep the shape of the last.

A. B. Erskine,
Corner Government and Johnson Streets.

VICTORIA SOAP CO.,

Removed to New Quarters, Cor. Herald & Gov't Sts.,

Manufacturers of Laundry and Toilet Soaps,

ALSO WASHING SODA AND AMONIA.

SPECIAL BRANDS

Findley's Borax Soap—For Flannels Especially.
Findley's Electric Soap—For Quick Laundry Work.
Queen City Saven—An All Round Family Article.
Toilet Soaps, i.e.—Castile, Glycerine, Brown Windsor, Cocoanut, Bouquet and Various other Brands.
Marine Soap—For use in Salt Water. This Soap washes equally well in salt as in fresh water.

Tallow and Grease Bought. F. S. FINDLEY, Mgr.

Carpet Cleaning and Upholstering

Carpets taken up, cleaned, altered and relaid; also cleaned on the floor by our Turkish rug and carpet cleaning process, which removes grease spots, paint, coal dust, lampblack, soot and stains of all kinds.

LACE CURTAINS AND BLANKETS A SPECIALTY.

Furniture and mattresses of ever description repaired, re-upholstered and recovered.

TEL. 540. W G. FURNIVAL, 58 BROAD STREET

The cheap and vile-smelling matches
That splutter and will not light
Can no more be compared with
E. B. Eddy's matches than a tallow
Candle compares with electric light.

"Telegraph," "Telephone" and "Parlor" matches maintain unquestioned supremacy.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A young lady or youth to call upon the bakers and grocers of the city two or three ties a week. "Thwaite," Vancouver, B. C. m7-3t

LOST—A $5 bill in postoffice last night. Finder will please return to "A.A.," Times office.

WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; permanent position. Brown Bros., Co., Nurserymen, Portland, Ore. m7-3t

WANTED—For cash, a small farm; good land with some improvements; not too far from Victoria. Address L.Y., Times office. m7-3t

FOR SALE—Nearly acre of land, corner lot, to be sold at a great sacrifice, on Burnside road. Price $650. Apply 37 First street, Work Estate. m7-2t

PANTS AND VEST MAKERS WANTED—Address H. N. Courcier, General merchant, Revelstoke P. O., B. C. m7-2t

WANTED—By thoroughly competent girl, a position as housemaid in hotel or private house. Address G. E., Times office. m7-2t

JUST RECEIVED—75 dozen handles for shovels, spades, rakes, hoes, picks, axes, forks, etc., for sale to suit the times. If you have any such tools requiring rehandling, bring them along and save money. Try our large sized garden rakes, lawn rollers and garden wheelbarrows, all our own manufacture. William Powell, corner of Johnston and Broad. May7-2t

TO LET—Front room on 1st floor, 62 Menzies street, near cor. Superior. Address or apply Mrs. Dawson.

STRAY MARE—Came to Four Mile House on Tuesday, May 1st, a seal brown mare. Owner can have her by paying for advertisement.

COMOX---FOR SALE.

Thirty-six acres near the town of Courtenay, belonging to Anthony Maitland Stenhouse, ex-M.P.P. Apply to Lowenberg, Harris & Co., Estate Agents, Victoria. mf-d&w-1m

SUITS AT 50c. ON THE $.

Just received a consignement of Mens' Fine Tailor Made Custom Suits which I will sell at about 50c. on the dollar on regular prices. $20 suits for $10, $22 and $24 suits for $12 and $14. Come and see them at

83 JOHNSON STREET.

NOTICE.

Br. Ship Benmore.

All claims against the above vessel must be sent in to the undersigned not later than Tuesday evening, May 8th.
R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd.

CELEBRATION COMMITTEE.

Important Meeting of the FINANCE COMMITTEE

At the City Hall, TUESDAY AFTERNOON, at 5 o'clock.

BEAUMONT BOGGS, Secretary.
(Colonist copy.)

FOR THE NORTH

The Steamer BARBARA BOSCOWITZ

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails, will sail for Fort Simpson and way ports on

Thursday, May 10th.

At 7 p. m., from Spratt's Wharf. For freight or passage apply to
CAPT. J. D. WARREN,
6 Trounce Avenue.

MORRIS'

Souvenir Watches.

Get a Morris Souvenir Card. Each card is numbered. Your card may secure you a perfect Stem Winder Watch, which are now on exhibition in our window. Buy your

TOBACCO AND CIGARS

at Morris', the Leading Tobacconist, and obtain a card. These Souvenir Watches are numbered 1, 2, and 3 in our window, and are to be presented to the holder of the Morris Souvenir Card corresponding with the numbers that will be selected every week.

MORRIS, THE LEADING TOBACCONIST,
COLONIST BLOCK.

MONEY

$500,000 to loan at low rates of interest on improved farm and city property, by the Sun Life Assurance Co. of Canada.
Apply to

J. E. CRANE,
Manager for B. C.,
30 Broad Street.

THE GOLDEN STATE.

Preparing to Receive Secretary Herbert at Vallejo.

THE MACDONALD EMBEZZLEMENTS

Death of a Man Who Stood High Everywhere—Gold Coin Sweaters Arrested—Murderer Fredericks Sentenced to be Hanged—Prominent Newspaper Man Shot.

Vallejo, Cal., May 7.—Preparations are being made at the navy yard to receive the secretary of the navy, now on his way to this coast to inspect government works here and at Port Orchard. It is the intention of the secretary to make an inspection of all works at the yard to satisfy himself, personally, of the needs of the station. He will also, it is expected, inspect the Behring Sea fleet. So far no plans have been given out as to his intentions in this respect.

San Francisco, May 7.—Joseph Sullivan, better known as the "Brooklyn Giant," died in Oakland yesterday. He was seven feet eight inches in height.

Major Charles C. Keene, an old national guardsman, well known in military circles, was accidentally asphyxiated by gas at his residence yesterday. He was 64 years of age.

The grand jury is said to have indicted Frank V. McDonald for the embezzlement of fourteen thousand dollars from the Pacific Bank, and the indictment will be returned against him to-morrow. In all probability additional indictments will be made against R. H. McDonald, jr. The grand jury is investigating the circumstances under which he took fifty-one thousand dollars from the Pacific Bank and left only his note and two insurance policies on his life as security. The sinking of about one hundred and fifty thousand dollars of the bank's funds in the California Illustrated magazine, and one hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars in the John Brown colony is also being investigated. An attempt is to be made to-day to get the bank-wrecker out of jail on bail.

San Francisco, May 7.—The telegraph team match between Company B, First infantry regiment, national guard, better known as the "Carson Guard," came off yesterday at Shell Mound Park, and Carson, respectively. The San Francisco team scored 1223, while the Carson men made 1213. The highest individual score was 46, made by a member of the Nevada team.

David Burke and his wife have been arrested in this city by secret service officers for "sweating" twenty dollar gold pieces. They have been carrying on their operations in the heart of the city for at least five years. Officials say the capture is most important of the kind ever made in the state.

Frank Gianini, while infuriated with drink, yesterday, made an unprovoked attack upon his mother, brother and a lodger named Robert Wilson. Mrs. Gianini received a severe gash in the neck and is in a dangerous condition, while his brother Joseph and Wilson were cut about the legs and arms. The assailant was arrested and charged with assault to murder.

Wm. Fredericks, who shot and killed Wm. Herricks, cashier of the San Francisco Savings Union, on March 23rd last, because of his refusal to grant Fredericks' demand for money, was this morning sentenced to be hanged on July 11th next.

J. M. Elliott, business manager of the Chronicle, was shot by a man named Rudolph shortly after noon to-day.

The shooting was done by Jake Rudolph, a well known policeman, and for many years Chris Buckley's right-hand man. Rudolph entered the business office of the Chronicle and excitedly asked for M H. De Young, the proprietor. He was told that the latter was at the fair. Rudolph's excited manner drew Elliott from the office and he admonished Rudolph to be quiet, but drawing a revolver from his pocket, he attempted to shoot Elliott. The latter fell upon Rudolph and in the struggle that ensued the revolver was discharged, the bullet spending itself on some silver contained in Mr. Elliott's pocket, and saving his life. Rudolph was arrested and refused to talk.

When the case of John W. Flood, ex-cashier of the Donohoe, Kelly Banking Company, which was recently re-indicted by the grand jury, was called to-day, Flood's attorneys moved that the indictment be quashed. Motion was set for hearing on 18th instant.

Up to one o'clock this afternoon, R. H. McDonald, jr., who was indicted by the grand jury for feloniously embezzling of funds of the Pacific Bank, had not secured bail.

LOVE AND LAW.

Remarkable Story of the Coxe Family Told in Court.

Memphis, Tenn., May 7.—The United States circuit court her has decided a will case which revealed a strange story of romantic love. The caption of the case is "A. C. Brewer, Administrator, v. Lydia C. Brewer."

Before the civil war, among the families of wealth and culture about Hollyspring, Miss., none stood higher than the Coxes. They owend land by the thousand acres and slaves by the hundreds. There were five brothers in the family. Tobias married a handsome girl, but a few days afterwards both she and her husband were found dead in their room. It was supposed Tobias murdered his wife and then committed suicide. During the war, when General Grant established his headquarters at Hollysprings, he made William Coxe's house his headquarters.

To William Coxe was born a daughter, Lydia, who later became Mrs. Clark Brewer, and who was the plaintiff in the case. Matthew Coxe, another brother, during the war became involved with one of his slaves, a beautiful octoroon named Rosa, who ran away to the rebel lines. Coxe followed and implored her to return. She warned him that such a union would disgrace him, but he would not listen to her, and after the war married her. In 1870 he and Rosa moved to this city and lived in an elegant house. In 1885 Coxe began to grow feeble. In 1886 he visited the office of Judge Camp and had a will drawn out, but insisted that Rosa had been a loyal and loving wife and that she must be acknowledged. Soon after Coxe died.

When the will was probated it was found that Coxe had left her about $60,000, and an equal amount was given to his niece, Mrs. Brewer. She accepted her share and there was no sign of a contest. Later Rosa was induced to deed the title of her property to Mrs. Brewer's child, the deed to become operative at her death. Soon after she also deeded her life interest to the child.

In 1887 Rosa married Burell Randolph, a colored policeman, and not long after began suit to set aside the deeds on the ground that they were fraudulently obtained. She won, and at her death left her property to her husband and two church institutions.

In 1889 Mrs. Brewer attacked the validity of the will of Matthew Coxe. The grounds were insanity and undue influence. The marriage was also attacked. Many distinguished Southerners appeared in the case as attorneys, jurors or witnesses. Among them were Major-General Chalmers, Judge Green, General Patterson, ex-postmaster of this city; General Williamson, Colonel Taylor and others. The jury was out an hour and decided against the plaintiff.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of License Commissioners for the City of Victoria, at the sittings of the Board to be held in June, 1894, for a license to sell by retail wine, spirits, beer and other fermented and intoxicating liquors in and upon the part known as the basement of the building situate upon lots ten (10) and eleven (11), block seventy-seven (77), Victoria City, the Board of Trade Building.

WM. JENSEN.
Dated Victoria, B.C., May 7th, 1894. 20t

EASTERN CANADA.

The Italian Murderers' Case—The Mount Stephen Family Coming to Canada.

Mysterious Death of a Hamilton Widow—Suspicious Fire—Ontario Election.

Ottawa, May 7.—The case of two Italians now in Regina jail sentenced to be hanged, is still under the consideration of the cabinet. The government is in correspondence with the Italian consul at Halifax regarding the matter.

Montreal, May 7.—Lord and Lady Mount Stephen will sail from Liverpool on Wednesday, 30th instant, by the Majestic, for New York, and are expected to reach Montreal on June 8. Lord Mount Stephen will leave for his fishing grounds at Metis on June 15th.

Hamilton, May 7.—The body of Mrs. Birmingham, widow, was found in one of the distillery waste vats at Stroude & Sons' cattle sheds on Saturday night. How the woman came to her death is not known. The woman was about 30, and mother of four children who are in the charity home.

Strathroy, Ont., May 7.—At the inquest on Saturday on the fire in Fawcett's mill and Wilson's hotel, which took place early on the morning of Sunday, April 12th, a young Englishman named Howard gave evidence that he had been asked by Thomas Wilson to set fire to the planing mill, but had refused. The evidence will be resumed next Friday.

Ottawa, May 7.—Officials here say the legislature of Ontario will be dissolved this week, probably on Thursday. The writs for the elections will be issued at once. Nomination day has been fixed for July 19th, and polling on July 26. Preparations for the contest are already active throughout the province.

Commonwealers on Trial.

Washington, May 7.—The trial of the commonwealers was resumed to-day. Their counsel said he would prove the arrest of the defendants was most brutal, and that the police used unwarranted force in clubbing not only the defendants but others. He said he would offer evidence that a conspiracy existed to convict the defendants. Several witnesses then testified to the peaceful demeanor of the Coxeyites at the capitol and the violence of the police.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 7.—The Kelleyites had a good meal this morning. Kelley said he will start from Des Moines to-morrow and be in Washington on the fourth of July.

Coxey testified in his own defence and told of his efforts to get permission to speak from the capitol steps, how he reached the steps and of his being hustled therefrom without being permitted to speak. On cross-examination he said as an American citizen he thought he had a constitutional right to speak.

In the Senate Allen offered a resolution providing for a committee of five senators to investigate the facts and circumstances connected with the assault and imprisonment of the Coxeyites, and making recommendations intended to prevent such outrages hereafter. The resolution laid over.

Vengeance of a Roman.

Rome, May 7.—A young man named Venzie, connected with an aristocratic Roman family, last evening shot and killed the daughter of Signor Lilbeau, a war office official. He was betrothed to the girl. Venzie then blew out his brains. The cause was jealousy.

—Regular meeting of the city council to-night at 8. Ald. Munn will move for the amendment of the health by-law and Ald. Wilson will have something to say on sewerage.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal
Have You Tried It?

WARNING OF DANGER

A Man Who Knows India Very Well, Col. Malleson,

SOUNDS AN EARNEST NOTE OF ALARM

Serious Disturbances Impending in the Eastern Empire—Prompt Action Necessary—Government Should Stop Certain So-Called Reforms—Marriage Laws and Opium Trade.

London, May 7.—Col. Malleson, a recognized authority on Indian affairs, in a letter referring to a recent article in the Spectator, predicting an uprising by the natives in India, says: "Serious disturbance is impending, and prompt action on the part of the government is imperative." He advises the government to cease tampering with the marriage laws, opium trade and other matters of so-called reform.

UNANIMOUS AND ENTHUSIASTIC.

Dewdney Men Rally Round the Opposition Banner on Saturday.

New Westminster, May 7.—The opposition convention for Dewdney riding at Mission City on Saturday was attended by delegates from four municipalities and two settlements. F. C. Cotton and C. B. Sword, M. P. P.'s, and a large gathering of electors were present. The proceedings were marked with great enthusiasm. Unanimous nomination was tendered Sword without a ballot and he accepted. Several speeches were made, including one by Mr. Cotton.

GENERAL DISPATCHES.

News in Brief From Various Parts of the World.

Vienna, May 7.—Stiking masons, carpenters, etc., had a conflict with the police to-day while trying to compel some other mechanics to join them. Several strikers were wounded.

London, May 7.—The announcement was made in the house to-day that the negotiations with France in regard to the treaty regulating Newfoundland fisheries, are still suspended.

Gratz, May 7.—None of the Lugloch tourists, it is now learned, perished. All have been rescued alive.

London, May 7.—Harcourt in the commons to-day moved the second reading of the budget.

London, May 7.—By an explosion in the cordite works at Waltham Abbey to-day four men were killed and a dozen wounded.

London, May 7.—Joseph Chamberlain's eldest son was gored by a bull to-day and seriously hurt.

Gratz, May 7.—Two of the imprisoned Lugloch tourists have been taken out alive.

Gatow, May 7.—This village was burned to-day. Emperor Joseph was present and worked hard to save the property.

New York, May 7.—The steamer La Champagne stuck in the mud at Fort Hamilton, has nearly four million francs in gold aboard.

MIKADO AT VANCOUVER.

The Victoria Amateur Company Gave an Excellent Performance There.

The members of the Mikado company returned from Vancouver last evening on the steamer Premier. All were very much pleased with the trip. They were very kindly treated at the Terminal City, and while the receipts at the performance only reached $300, which will hardly pay expenses, the company are satisfied, for the performance was the best of the three given. The cast was the same, with the exception that Miss Barnes took the part of Peep Bo assumed here by Miss Pauline.

The News-Advertiser of yesterday gives the following notice:

Last evening the Victoria Operatic Co. achieved a complete success in their presentation of the well known but ever attractive Mikado. The company came over in strong force, numbering about fifty in all, but it soon appeared that their numerical strength was far eclipsed by the excellence of their leading people and their grasp of the opera. A union orchestra of local and capital musicians were very successful in their efforts, while the control of the director, Mr. Pferdner, spoke volumes for the attention and time devoted to the preparation of the work. The chorus was a masterpiece, while its effect was considerably heightened by the elaborate Japanese costumes, which gave the stage an appearance very suggestive at times of fairyland. The leading part, Ko Ko, was taken by Mr. C. A. Lombard with most marked success, his versatility and natural talents having ample scope for their display and quickly made him a general favorite. Miss May Heatherfield filled the role of Yum Yum most happily, her beauty and voice calling forth repeated encores. Her honors, however, were almost divided with Mrs. Clement Rowlands at Pitti Sing, while the role of Katisha, although somewhat less attractive, was admirably taken by Mrs. W. W. Clarke. Pooh Bah was filled by Mr. C. W. Rhodes with considerable ability, while Mr. Kent and Mr. George Bushby, as the Mikado and Nanki Poo, called for repeated applause. A happy feature of the evening was the appearance of little Twitsie Lombard as the page and sword bearer of her father, the Lord High Executioner, the easy bearing and graceful movements of the little one being especially pleasing. It is, however, a subject of regret that the citizens did not extend that patronage which the company, amateur as it is deserved so thoroughly, and that should they appear again next season it is hoped that last evening will not be a preventive to their return to this city.

FULLY SET FORTH.

President Cleveland Defines Specifically the Regulations for Sealers.

Washington, D. C., May 5.—The president to-day signed and promulgated regulations to govern vessels employed in fur seal fishing during the closed season of 1894. They are:

"Article 1. Before the issuance of a special license the master of any sailing vessel proposing to engage in fur seal fishing shall produce satisfactory evidence to the collector of customs that the hunters employed by him are competent to use the weapons authorized by law.

"Article 2. Firearms, nets or explosives shall not be used for taking or killing fur seals in that portion of Behring Sea described in the act approved April 6, 1894.

"Article 3. Any vessel having license to hunt fur seals in the North Pacific and Behring Sea, east of 180 degrees longitude, shall before entering Behring Sea or at Unalaska report to the customs officer of the United States or an officer of the United States navy and have all arms and ammunition on board secured under seal, and such seal shall not be broken during the time fur sealing is prohibited. In order to protect vessels within the area of the award between April 12 and August 1, but which have not violated the law, from improper seizure or detention, the master thereof may by applying to the commander of any cruiser or a customs officer, declaring that she intends to proceed to a home port, have her sealing outfit secured under seal, and the officer placing this seal shall enter the date of the same on her log book, with the number of sealskins and bodies of seals then on board, and said seal shall not be broken during the time fur sealing is prohibited, except at the home port.

"Article 4. Vessels now in Japanese waters or on the Siberian coast west of 180 degrees longitude, wishing to return to a home port, may enter the port of Attona and there have their sealing outfits secured under seal and the fact entered on their log books. Such seals shall not be broken except at her home port, and such seal and entry shall constitute a sufficient protection against seizure while within the area of the award on their direct passage to the home port. In case a sealing vessel, as described above, shall, before leaving a Japanese port, declare her intention of returning to a port of the United States, the United States consular officer at the port may, upon application of her master, secure her sealing outfit as desribed above. Any vessel as described above may obtain special license to hunt fur seals in Behring Sea upon application to the United States consular officer of any port in Japan, or from the customs at Attona, after furnishing the evidence required in article 1.

"Article 5. Any vessel in a foreign or home port wishing to engage in fur sealing in Behring Sea shall obtain a special license from a customs officer of the United States if in a home port, and from a consular officer if in a foreign port. Before sailing the sealing outfit of such vessel may be secured under seal upon application as hereinbefore provided, and the fact noted on her license. Such seal shall not be broken during the time fur sealing is prohibited.

"Article 6. Vessels now at sea in the pursuit of fur seals and found not to have violated the law in reference to the taking of fur seals and who have not cleared from any port on or after May 1, 1894, will not be seized wholly on account of not having a special license or distinctive flag.

"Article 7. Every vessel employed in fur seal fishing as described above shall have, in addition to the papers now required by law, a special license for fur seal fishing.

"Article 8. Every vessel provided with special license shall show under her national color a flag not less than four feet square, composed of two equal pieces, yellow and black, joined from the right hand upper corner of the fly to the left hand upper corner luff, the part above and to the left to be black, and the part to the right and below to be yellow.

"Article 9. The authority hereinbefore granted to United States consular officers, customs officers and the officers of the United States navy may be exercised by like officers in the service of the government of Great Britain, except in ports of the United States.

"Notice. The officers herein authorized to carry out the provisions of the act approved April 6, 1894, will observe that the objects of the foregoing articles are to prevent from unnecessary seizure and loss of sealing vessels already at sea in ignorance of the provisions of the act, or unable to strictly comply with its requirements. Should cases occur which are not definitely provided for they must be dealt with by the officers with the above mentioned objects in view and as nearly in accordance with the law and regulations as possible. These regulations are intended to apply only to the closed seas of 1894, and are not to be regarded as a complete execution of the authority conferred on the executive by the act of congress.

"GROVER CLEVELAND."

These regulations are in principle and details substantially the same as those the British government will issue.

Washington, D. C., May 5.—The treaty negotiated by Secretary of State Gresham and Prince Cantacusene, Russian minister, is an agreement looking to the protection of Russian seals on the islands off the coast of Siberia, where seal fishing will be permitted by vessels of the United States, the limit being fixed at ten miles. The treaty was sent to the senate to-day while it was in executive session, and the only definite action taken on it was to refer it to the committee on foreign relations. Senator Morgan took occasion to briefly explain the document, saying that this was the first fruits of the efforts of the United States and Great Britain to get other nations to co-operate with them in the effort to preserve seal life. There is also an effort to bring Japan into the compact, but no such progress has been made in the negotiations as that with Russia. The document provides for penalties for its violation. No opposition whatever has so far been made manifest to the treaty.

Mgr. Satolli's Residence.

Chicago, May 7.—When the council of Catholic archbishops of the United States was held in this city last summer a resolution was adopted that it was desirable to provide a residence for Apostolic Delegate Satolli in Washington, the cost to be borne by collections in the different dioceses. Since that time the apostolic delegate has purchased and fitted up a fine residence at the national capital, but only a small portion of the purchase price has been paid. Efforts are now being made to remove the encumbrance, and for the next four Sundays collections will be taken up in all the archdioceses throughout the country that have so far taken no action in the matter. The archdiocese of Chicago leads off, and every pastor in the jurisdiction has received a letter from Archbishop Feehan urging that the collection be made as large as possible, and that the result be immediately turned in to Chancellor Muldoon.

OF BLESSED MEMORY.

Pio Nono Held in Affectionate Remembrance by the People.

Rome, May 7.—The Eternal City today commences the celebration of the centenary of the birth of Pius IX. He was born in May, 1792, but the celebration projected at that time was postponed in order that it might not conflict with the arrangements for he papal jubilee.

Pio Nono was elected by acclamation in June, 1846, as the successor of Pope Gregory XIV., and acquired great popularity by various measures of reform. It was during his regime that the ecumenical council established the dogma of papal infallibility. In 1870, eight years before his death, the Italian army occupied Rome, and the temporal power of the holy see was abolished. The celebration opened to-day with the celebration of solemn requiem mass in the church of St. Lawrence, just outside the walls of the Vatican, and in which the remains of the illustrious pontiff rest. The service, which occupied nearly four hours, was followed by a sermon by Cardinal Parocchi, who reviewed the stirring events of the life of the deceased and paid tribute to his humility, his statesmanship and his devotion to the church. Then descending the pulpit and preceded by the Roman Guards and the officiating clergy, the cardinal proceeded to dedicate the crypt containing the remains of deceased. The latter in his will had directed that the crypt should not cost more than two thousand dollars, but Catholics all over the world have made contributions of carvings, marbles, mosaics and other articles of adornment, and as a result the place of the sepulchre presents a magnificent appearance.

It was banked with the choicest flowers in massive designs, and many of the poorer members of the congregation cast smaller floral offerings upon it as they passed by. The exercises will be continued for days. To-morrow the visitors from other points who have come here for the event will unite in a memorial service.

ANTWERP'S BIG SHOW.

The Exhibition Opened on Saturday Under Happy Auspices.

Antwerp, May 7.—Amid the booming of cannon, the playing of the national hymns of all countries and the cheers of fifty thousand spectators the international exposition of Belgium was formally declared open on Saturday by King Leopold II. It was a great day for Antwerp. Business was suspended, triumphal arches spanned the streets, myriads of flags of all countries fluttered from windows and house-tops, and tens of thousands of visitors came from near and distant points for the occasion. The ceremonies took place at noon on the large plaza fronting the Place Publique.

The king was escorted to the exposition by a detachmen of military and municipal officials, and met at the entrance by the officers of the exposition. The ceremonies were brief but impressive, consisting of music, vocal and instrumental, invocations and speeches. The king declared the exhibition open in a felicitous speech, and then touched the electric button which set the machinery in motion. The representatives of foreign governments who occupied seats immediately on the right and left of the royal party were then introduced. The flags of the United States and of Belgium were intertwined on the canopy over the royal chair, and the playing of the Star Spangled Banner by the orchestra Grande Militaire was the signal for a great outburst of enthusiasm.

After the exercises the king and the foreign representatives made a tour of the buildings and were afterwards entertained at luncheon by the exposition authorities. Hon. Stanislaus H. Haine and James P. Holland of Chicago, respectively special delegate and secretary of the commission of the United States were extended distinguished consideration during the exercises.

The exposition is in a far from complete state and at least another month will be required to complete the work of installation. It occupies two hundred acres of ground in a new quarter of the city beside the river Scheldt. Its main buildings, constructed of iron and steel and roofed with zinc, cover 1,080,000 square feet. They are continuous with one another, covering the west and northwest sides of the grounds, and thus forming an obtuse angle.

The American building is a handsome structure, 240x150 feet. There are numerous foreign villages, and an American Plaisance. The principal novelty of the exposition is a castle in the air, or a cafe seating 500 supported above the tops of the buildings by balloons.

American Constitutional Convention.

Albany, N. Y., May 7.—The capital of the Empire State is beginning to fill up with delegates to the great constitutional convention which will be formally opened to-morrow morning. All the available quarters at the hotels have been engaged for an indefinite period and boarding houses and private dwellings have been liberally drawn upon to provide accommodation for the small army of outsiders that will be attracted here by the deliberations of the convention. A large number of woman suffragists is on hand, and so are many members of the national league for the protection of American institutions. Organized labor is also well represented. About one half of the two hundred delegates have arrived. The advance guard of the woman suffragists has started in with characteristic energy, and every arriving delegate is at once button-holed and urged to pledge himsel to support the constitutional amendment giving the right of the ballot to the gentler sex.

They Own the Earth.

New York, May 7.—The Herald this morning announces that the Standard Oil Co. has concluded negotiations with Russian oil companies which will result in a division of the entire world's market between the two. It is stated that the Standard Co. will have the monopoly of the British Islands, France and most of western Europe. The exact territorial division has not yet become known.

BRECKINRIDGE AT BAY.

The Old Man Turns Upon the Clergy and the Press.

Lexington, Ky., May 5.—Col. W. C. P. Breckinridge was greeted here to-day by an audience of three thousand people, representing the voters of the seventh congressional district and many people in the surrounding country. The speaking was in the opera house, and a half hour before Col. Breckinridge arrived the auditorium was full of people. When he advanced toward the stage from the rear entrance the audience stood up and yelled wildly for five minutes. The colonel was filled with emotion which shook him from head to foot. He made the most powerful address he ever delivered to a Kentucky audience. When he spoke of the action of the ministers' union in this city, which took action against him, he assumed the most defiant look and strained every nerve in his body; his fists were closed and his expression was that of a brave man thoroughly enraged. He gave the public press some very hard flings, and when he said he had no criticism for the judge who sat in the trial fifty voices shouted "I have, I have." The reception was certainly enthusiastic, and while every man in the house will not cast his vote for Breckinridge, it was plainly to be seen that he has many friends who intend to stand by him.

After reviewing his boyhood life at Lexington, his public services in the confederate army and in congress, Col. Breckinridge said:

"I do not wish this district to conceive that I have any defence to make for what I have done and of which I have been guilty. Entangled by weakness, by passion, by sin, in coils which it was almost impossible to break, I did everything that was within my power to prevent a public scandal, except the one thing which for no moment entered my mind. Your re-election of me can neither take from nor add to the punishment I have suffered. My life has not been consistently wrong; I knew the secret sin; I tried to atone for it in ways that is not becoming in me to more than allude to. How many kind words did this atonement produce to others; how much of self-control and how much of self-sacrifice, how much of earnestness and labor in aid of good things and to good causes? When I came to make a public utterance under any circumstance to my audience how cautious was I that no word of mine might tempt others to be guilty as I was guilty. Now, that exposure has come, there is an element of gladness in it. I care not now what letters come in my mail; I care not now for the closet door to be opened; there is no skeleton there, and I can go into the clear sunlight out of the mystery and look up through the blue skies into the upper world with the feeling that there is no cloud there. I am not afraid that from the horizon will suddenly come a clap of thunder and a flash of lightning that will destroy me and mine. This is of the past. I will wear with me the scars, but I will no longer carry the dread. I will come out of that storm, however, long as it may last, in some respects a conqueror. The sweet domestic relations which I need and out of which I have life are mine.

"The extent of my guilt was truthfully confessed by me to its uttermost boundaries, without justification or palliation. To that extent I was guilty; beyond that I was innocent. Whatever charge of any kind, made against me by any person, not confessed in that solemn testimony, for the truth of which I appeal to God, is false. I desire this acknowledgment and denial to be fully understood that there may be no more misunderstanding hereafter. In your presence to-day and in the presence of the district, I repeat that for that sin of which I was guilty I have no justification, no palliation, and I ask for no condonation. If some one in your midst can better do the work you want done than I, as your representative, choose him; choose one whose life has been stainless, whose morals young men can imitate with profit, whose days have been pure and whose nights have been sinless, whose ability is ample, whose experience is wide. When some one comes to write my history, whatever blame may attach to me, he may write of me that, even with that blame, he loved the poor; he toiled for his fellow-men; he labored for good causes; was loyal to principles and faithful to truth, devoted to you."

The women of Lexington have issued an address to the voters in Colonel Breckinridge's district, in which they oppose his re-election and denounce the defenders. The address among other things says:

"Would you vote for the destruction of your boys? No, sooner vote for the destruction of party than sink moral sentiment. It is your duty to lead your boys to a higher moral plane, but would such a representative inspire your sons and daughters with the sublime duty of morality? No; his name is a synonym for corruption. Were he magnanimous he would have you close the door to vice. He, who has so often with beautiful words and brilliant oratory sang so enchantingly of the noble, dutiful sons of our grand commonwealth, would have you prove recreant to your trusts. Let no extenuating plea of charity cause you to even listen to his silvery tones; they can no longer avail; he has sacrificed himself; his voice is silent; his influence is lost. We deeply deplore this, but he has sealed his own fate. Refuse to return him to congress, for by so doing you will best promote the interests of society and of your own state."

At a meeting of the Mount Horeb church, of which Col. Breckinridge is a member, and over which his father once presided, he was summoned to appear. Mr. Breckinridge confessed his guilt in about the same way as he testified in his suit at Washington city, and he prayed for forgiveness, saying he had repented and would live a new life in the future. After a consultation he was forgiven and taken into the church again. This is the second Kentucky statesman who has embraced religion in the past two months. Joe Blackburn has confessed belief in Moody, the evangelist, and has been converted. This movement, it is believed, will put Breckinridge in good standing with the church people again.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

The Colonel's Chances.

Paris, Ky., May 7.—Congressman Breckinridge speaks at the opera house this afternoon in response to a petition containing nearly 500 names, which represents itself as coming from "his friends and supporters in Bourbon county." Interest particularly attaches to this meeting from the fact that a few days ago a letter bearing a New York postmark, and simply signed "Major," was received here intimating that if the colonel attempted to speak the house might be blown up with dynamite. Although it has given some apprehension to timid people it is regarded as a harmless although questionable joke. It is claimed that many of those who signed the petition are in reality supporters of Mr. Owens in his contest for the nomination, and there are rumors this morning that they will make themselves heard in the meeting this afternoon.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

AMERICAN NEWS NOTES.

Daily Chronicle of the Events of the Great Republic.

Indianapolis, Ind., May 7.—Representative college men from all over the country identified with the Greek letter fraternity, Phi Delta Theta, assembled here to-day in annual national convention. The society includes in its ranks some of the most eminent men in the country, including ex-President Harrison and Vice President Stevenson. The annual report shows that in point of membership it is the largest of any similar society in the world, having no less than sixty-nine chapters, covering the entire country. Numerous social events have been arranged for the entertainment of the delegates.

Lacrosse, Wis., May 7.—The instructions of Mgr. Satolli, the papal legate, to the effect that hereafter all Catholic services in this diocese be conducted in the English tongue, went into effect yesterday. It was something of a novelty, both for the officiating divines and for the congregations, German having heretofore been the language used.

Chicago, May 7.—The distribution of dividends to World's fair stockholders commenced to-day. For a week past a force of clerks has been engaged making out the 30,000 cheques required for this purpose. The amount to be distributed is $1,050,000.

Mr. F. V. Warnoll
Toronto, Ontario.

A Narrow Escape

Took Poison by Mistake

Bad Effects Entirely Eliminated by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:
"Gentlemen—In April last, through the effects of a dose of strychnine taken in mistake for another drug, I was laid up in St. John, N. B., for ten days. After this I never seemed to regain my former health, and continually suffered from indigestion and heart palpitation, for which I could get no relief. I thought I would try Hood's Sarsaparilla. After taking one bottle, I felt a little better, so continued using the remedy until I had consumed six bottles. I found myself gaining strength and flesh every day, and am now as healthy as I was before taking the poison." F. V. WARNOLL, representing the Seely Perfumes, 30 Melbourne Avenue, Toronto, Ontario.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, jaundice, biliousness, sick headache, indigestion.

JOHNSON'S FLUID BEEF

Is

Fifty Times

As

Nourishing

As

Meat Extract and Home Made Beef Tea.

It makes a strengthening and invigorating beverage.

PREPARED BY

The Johnston Fluid Beef Co., Montreal.

RUPTURE

More CURES have been effected by my System, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years. Full crystal spectacle examination by mail. Of infinite importance to sufferers. Illustrated book free.

DEFORMITY

CHARLES CLUTHE, 126 King St. W., Toronto.

IF YOUR TONGUE IS COATED YOU NEED THEM

BEECHAM'S LIVER LOZENGES.

They are not a cure all, but are the best medicine known for Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Pimples, Sallowness and all disorders arising from impure blood or sluggish liver.

25 CENTS A BOX.

Ask Your Druggist For Them.

THE GREAT

Hudyan.

This extraordinary Rejuvenator is the most wonderful discovery of the age. It has been endorsed by the leading scientific men of Europe and America.

Hudyan is purely vegetable.

Hudyan stops Premature Decay of the Sexual Organs in 30 days.

BEFORE LOST AFTER MANHOOD

Constipation, Dizziness, Failing Sensations, Nervous Twitching of the eyes and other parts, Strengthens, invigorates and tones the entire system. Hudyan cures debility Nervousness, and developes and restores weak organs. Pains in the back are stopped quickly. Over 2,000 private ailments.

Premature decay means impotency, sexual weakness, loss of manhood, etc. It is a symptom of nervous exhaustion or debility. It can be stopped in 30 days by the use of Hudyan.

The new discovery was made by the Specialists of Good Health Institute, Medical Institute, etc. It is the strongest vitalizer made. It gives vigor and power to the sexual organs. Sold for $1.00 a package or 6 packages for $5.00 (plain sealed wrapper). Write for symptom blank given for a cure. If you buy six boxes and find no entirely cured, we will send the seventh box free of all charges. Hudyan is sold by druggists. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address

HUDYAN MEDICAL INSTITUTE, 1032 Market St., San Francisco, Cal.

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH.

DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE

DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.

A safeguard against infectious diseases. Sold by chemists throughout the world. W. G. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.

LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, Agents for B.C.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION

BRITISH SHIP "ARCHER,"

Thursday, May 10th, 11 a.m.

On account of whom it may concern:

I am instructed to sell at my salesrooms, Wharf street, Victoria, B. C.:

The hull of the iron ship Archer, 100 A 1 at Lloyd's; 189 tons register, length 189 ft., beam, 32 ft., depth, 18.7, as she now lies dismantled in Esquimalt Harbor.

ALSO—New and old ropes, 2 sails, tarpaulins, chronometers, compasses, barometers, ship's boat, flags, blocks, hemp canvass, telescopes, charts, sailing directions, side and riding lights, tools, etc., etc.

G. BRYNES, Auctioneer.

Aluminum Alloy Composite

HAS GIVEN ENTIRE SATISFACTION TO

Iron, Steel and Brass Founders

2 1-2 per cent. added to mixtures of cheap, low-grade metals gives 50 per cent. increased strength, makes hard metal soft, sound, and non crystalizing, prevents blowholes and scorpions.

Aluminum Alloy unites copper with iron and lead, with iron and copper, previously considered an impossibility.

Price, $3 per 100-pound box, $25 per barrel of 700 pounds, or $50 per ton.

Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock Island arsenal, and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.

The Hatsfield Furnace and Refining Co., Newport, Ky.

S. A. STODDART

The New Watchmaker and Jeweller, 68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

Nickle Alarm Clocks $1.10.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m. Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 3.30 p.m.

Commencing January 3, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES.
ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES.
ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES.

City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDERS FOR DEBENTURES

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p.m. on the 19th day of June, 1894, for the purchase of Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $55,000 or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, in sums of $1,000 each, or its sterling equivalent as aforesaid, payable in fifty years from the 1st of May, 1894, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum, payable half yearly with principal and interest as aforesaid at the office of the Bank of British North America either in London, England, New York, U. S. A., or Montreal, Canada.

The Corporation reserves to itself the right to redeem and purchase these debentures on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of such debentures.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at 4 1-2 per cent. from the 1st of May, 1894, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Electric Lighting By-Law, 1894" with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, City Clerk.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., April 5th, 1894. apl5-td

$50 REWARD

Will be given to any person or persons giving such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons destroying or injuring the newly planted shade trees in Beacon Hill Park, or wilfully damaging other Corporation property in said Park.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office, 23rd January, 1894. j24

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Second Street, between Kings Road and Bay Street is closed to public traffic until further notice.

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

Victoria, B. C., April 14.

MUNICIPAL.

Assessment notices have this day (April 20th) been posted to all parties assessed for Land and Improvements in the city.

If not delivered at residence please call at postoffice for same.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT, City Assessor.

NOTICE.

Third Street, between King's Road and Bay Street, will be closed to traffic until further notice.

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

mr31-tf

NOTICE.

The Public Library and Reading Room, City Hall, will be closed during repairs until further notice.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., April 25, 1894.

CITY OF VICTORIA.

Court of Revision.

Notice is hereby given that the Court of Revision for the purpose of hearing all complaints against the Assessment of 1894 as made by the Assessor of the City of Victoria will be held at Council Chambers, City Hall, Victoria, on Wednesday, the 30th day of May, 1894, at 10 o'clock a.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

Victoria, B. C., April 23rd, 1894.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS, ALBANY, OREGON.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE, 122 Government street.

Private entrance on Pandora street. Business strictly confidential. v19-tf

SING KEE,

34 Herald Street, Victoria, B. C.

Intelligence Office.

All kinds of Chinese Labor supplied at short notice. Contracts taken. m7-tf

CHLORIDE OF POTASSIUM

Mr. Law Thinks it May Yet be Found in British Columbia.

Mr. C. F. Law, who was reported a fortnight ago to have found a deposit of kainite, says he knows nothing of his alleged good luck; he does not know what kainite is, he freely admits. There has been a misunderstanding somewhere, which he wishes the Inland Sentinel to correct.

Mr. Law says that since returning from Chicago he has been trying to find a deposit of chloride of potassium. This substance is largely used in the manufacture of explosives and in its natural state is also an artificial fertilizer. He was struck on this search by a casual conversation he had with the president of the National Lead Trust Co., of New York, while in Chicago, in which a hint was conveyed that this substance of a considerable commercial value might be found somewhere in British Columbia, but any information he got was so slight as to give little indication of where the deposit can be found if one exists. This gentleman related having been given a sample of a clayey substance to analyze by a friend who had been in British Columbia shooting, and had obtained it from an Indian. From its appearance the lead trust man did not think it of much value and allowed it to remain for weeks in his laboratory. At last one day, not being very busy, he took the trouble to make some tests, when he was astonished to find some traces of chloride of potassium, but the greater part of the mass left with him for analysis was of a peculiar variety of clay which is found overlying the only known deposit of chloride of potassium.

This substance is believed by geologists to be a sediment formed in the bottom of salt water lagoons or lakes. It is soluble in water and hence might be expected to be found underlying a stratum of clay which would form an impervious covering to it. This clay may extend so as to be traceable along the edge of a cliff, but the chloride of potassium would not be visible in such places. Mr. Law would like to receive any information that might lead to the discovery of this rather valuable substance, of which upwards of $1,000,000 worth is imported every year to New York.

KOOTENAY CROPPINGS.

News Nuggets from Relelstoke and Golden.

Kootenay Mail.

Candidates for provincial parliamentary honors are cropping up every day. The latest name nominated is that of Mr. T. J. Graham, C. P. R. bridge man.

J. M. Kellie, M.P.P., arrived home on Thursday morning's train. He will give an account of his stewardship for the past four years on Saturday evening next.

J. Hennessy has taken the contract for driving a tunnel on the Bonanza King, one of the Noble Five group, at $11.00 a foot.

The Slocan Star Mine company have about 900 tons, valued at $100,000 stored in their warehouse at Three Forks. It is being held until the rails are laid to that point on the Nakusp & Slocan railway.

The mechanics in the C. P. R. round house are working on eight-hour time. The change took effect on Tuesday morning.

Last Saturday the engine and three coaches of the Atlantic express were derailed three miles east of Cannore; and engineers Walker was injured. The engine was smashed, and the tender with two cars, one containing salmon, are in the river.

It is stated on the best authority that there will be a large smelter erected either at Three Forks or New Denver, by a smelting company of Omaha.

The third instalment of the payments on the Alpha mine, in the Grady group, which changed hands last fall, was paid over a short time ago. The amount was $22,000.

The steamer Columbia is now on the Revelstoke-Robson route, and the Lytton is relegated to the menial work of towing scows. The Columbia is in charge of Capt. Gore, with J. Anderson, purser. She is fitted throughout with the incandescent electric light and carries a powerful search light. She is handsomely fitted up as a passenger boat, and offers a luxurious means of transit both for tourists and business men.

Mr. Haig, the collector for the north riding has received sixty applications from residents of the riding to have their names placed on the voters' list during the past week, and he expects to receive forty or fifty more before the list is closed. This will bring the number of voters in the riding to nearly 600. But probably 100 will be struck off for various reasons.

A Chinaman walked into Newport last week from the north and was gathered in by the customs officers, who discovered that he had made a mistake in coming into the United States. It appeared from what he said and letters carried that he had been living at Kaslo, and becoming involved in a quarrel left, intending to go to Revelstoke, but, becoming bewildered, crossed the boundary into Uncle Sam's domain. He was escorted back to the boundary and allowed to depart in peace.

A meeting of the business men was held in the fire hall on Thursday night, H. A. Brown presiding, to discuss the best manner of laying out the $8,000 appropriated for the Big Bend wagon road and other work further north. After considerable discussion as to whether the road should be a first-class one or an ordinary tote road it was decided that a committee of three—T. Sutherland, George Roach and C. Holton—go over the seven miles between this place and Steamboat canyon and ascertain the best route to be taken and the cheapest way of doing the work.

W. M. Brown has had men at work making rip-rap along the river bank just below the bridge, and at the point touched by high water, which is likely to be exceptionally high this year. Messrs. Brown and Cowan constructed 250 feet last year which stood the current well, and saved the bank from being undermined. About 280 feet has been added to this, and the rip-rap work extends 100 feet above the Victoria hotel to the lower end of H. N. Courtier's store, with the exception of 30 feet of stonework under Mr. Stone's lot. The Dominion government ought to recompense those citizens who have been to the expense of having this done, as it has, and will, save the erosion of the bank considerably.

A car containing an engine, boiler, air compressor, power drill, ore crusher and a diamond drill has arrived here from Chicago for the Hall Mines, Limited. All the machinery except the diamond drill will be placed in the Silver King; the diamond drill will first be used on the Kootenay Bonanza. The car made the remarkably fast time of six days from St. Paul to Revelstoke. The machinery was shipped on board the steamer Columbia yesterday for its destination, still in bond, and will be landed at Robson for Nelson, whence it will be hauled to the mines on Toad mountain.

The steamer Lytton arrived up from Nakusp last Wednesday evening with a scow in tow. She was to take the scow to Nakusp loaded with railroad iron, which has been laying here all winter, for the Nakusp & Slocan road. It appears the crew had been overworked on the up trip, having to load about 30 cords of wood. The steamer arrived here about dark and the men were ordered to load the railroad iron on the scow. They refused to do so without extra pay, their wages being $35 a month. They wanted 30 cents an hour. This was refused and six deck hands and the mate quit work. They were then paid off and dismissed from the company's service. The men state that their contract was for loading fuel and freight and not railroad iron. Nothing was done all day Thursday, until the Columbia arrived up about five o'clock in the afternoon. She was loaded with the Lytton's usual cargo and left yesterday morning. Meanwhile the Lytton and scow remained tied up at the lower wharf until about seven o'clock yesterday morning, when some Swedes were found willing to work at 30 cents an hour and the loading of both steamer and scow began.

(Golden Era.)

The government are putting in a breakwater in the Kicking Horse a short distance above the post office.

The Mathers saw mill base been moved nearer Forst Steele and will shortly begin cutting lumber again.

Much anxiety is felt as to whether the C. P. R. will take over the B. C. S. R. R., and whether they will commence construction this year or not.

N. Hanson's lumber raft, in charge of James Brown, reached Fort Steele af few days ago. Brown reports the Kootenay river very low.

On Sunday Fort Steele had a genuine snow storm, snow falling to a depth of two inches, which quickly passed off, andt he weather is again pleasant and warm.

A. D. McKinnon, B. A., Presbyterian student, who was in Fort Steele last summer, arrived this week from the east. He will proceed up river at once and resume his labors.

A Strange Discovery in Africa.

Unlooked-for things have been found in unlikely places, but there has probably been no discovery more remarkable than that of Balzac's dressing gown in the possession of the king of Dahomey. Monarchs are rarely literary, and his dusky majesty, one would think, was the very last of them to have set much value upon the personal relic of a novelist, however distinguished. Nevertheless the French found it in the royal apartment at Abomey. There were some ingenious theories founded upon this circumstance. One of the Amazons, it was thought, might have been a novel reader, and had sent to Paris to secure the interesting memento; and on the affair coming to the knowledge of her sovereign had hastened to say she had purchased it for her own shoulders. For, indeed, he had always worn it upon state occasions. It was not a dressing-gown such as literary persons in this country are wont to wear (of second-class flannel worn at the edges), but of purple velvet embroidered with gold. As a matter of fact, it had been given to Balzac by some of his admirers, and after his death had been bought by a dealer in curiosities, who had placed it, with other showy articles, on the West African market. It is said to think how a plain tale will "put down"—that is, destroy—the materials of a fine romance.—London Illustrated News.

Newsboys and Organ-Grinders.

The disappearance of newsboys from the cars and hand-organs from the streets will rob the town of two of its most characteristic features, but an army of grumblers will be appeased, and we shall be on the level of London or Paris, where neither newsboys nor hand-organs are permitted to wander about at all. In London barrel organs are permitted in certain streets, but the police exercise a very sharp and acrimonious control over them, and usually insist upon their playing down the side streets and alleys and in the unfrequented courts. Street bands are not tolerated either in Paris or London, except by special license, though in the latter city men and women sometimes succeed in playing a violin or banjo in public without being called to account. The newsboy, who is unknown in Paris, keeps his position in the gutters in London, and is not allowed to rush along the sidewalks and interfere with pedestrians. The action of the Broadway syndicate, in banishing the boys from the cars, will have a quieting effect upon many men who have watched the reckless and fearless manner in which the boys, many of whom are very young in years and of frail physique, jump from car to car and dodge under the hoofs of the horses on Broadway. Many of them have received injuries never reported in the papers, and the wonder is that more of them have not been fatally hurt. The new rule will not affect the sale of newspaper, as people will buy them before entering the case, and the danger to the lives and limbs of the boys will be averted. The question has been debated in Albany, and societies for the purpose of guarding the boys in one way or another have often been spoken of in New York, but nothing of a decisive nature has ever been undertaken before.—New York Post.

Don't Delay

Its your duty to yourself to get rid of the foul accumulation in your blood this spring. Hood's Sarsaparilla is just the medicine you need to purify, vitalize and enrich your blood. That tired feeling which affects nearly every one in the spring is driven off by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great spring medicine and purifier.

HOOD'S PILLS become the favorite cathartic with every one who tries them.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

A BY-LAW

To Raise $25,000,00 to Acquire the Land and Improvements of the British Columbia Agricultural Association for Agricultural and Industrial Exhibition Purposes.

Whereas by a by-law of the Corporation of the City of Victoria finally passed on the 9th day of December, A.D. 1892, and numbered 149, there was granted to the British Columbia Agricultural Association by the said Corporation, the sum of $25,000 to aid and assist the said Association in its building operations;

And whereas the said sum of $25,000 has been duly expended on the erection of suitable and necessary exhibition buildings on the lands of the said Association in accordance with the terms and conditions of of the said by-law;

And whereas there was expended by the said Association upon its lands, and improvements thereon, a further sum of $20,000 obtained by loan secured by mortgage upon the said lands and improvements;

And whereas the said Association is indebted to various persons and firms in a further aggregate sum of about $5,000.

And whereas the said Association is organized not for the purpose of any private or individual profit or gain, but for the protection and advancement of the agricultural, mechanical and industrial interests of the province, and more particularly of those interests as associated with the trade and prosperity of the City of Victoria;

And whereas for the more effectual carrying out of the objects of the said association, it is deemed expedient and advisable that the Corporation of the City of Victoria, should purchase, hold and manage the lands and buildings of the said Association.

And whereas the said Association has applied to the said Corporation for further aid in carrying out its said objects and it has been agreed that upon payment by the said Corporation, of the said mortgage debt of $20,000 and the said sum of $5,000, the said Association shall and will grant and convey to the said Corporation in fee simple the lands and premises of the said Association, hereinafter particularly described for the purpose of holding agricultural and industrial exhibitions;

And whereas for the purpose aforesaid, it is intended to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, the sum of $25,000;

And whereas it will require the sum of $1,250 to be raised annually by rate for the payment of the new debt and interest;

And whereas the whole ratable land and improvements or real property of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria according to the last revised assessment roll for the year 1893, is $18,511,412;

And whereas it will require an annual rate of 1-14th of a mill in the dollar for paying such debt and interest;

And whereas this by-law may not be altered or repealed except with the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council;

Be it therefore enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, as follows;

Sec. 1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation by way of the debentures hereinafter mentioned from any person or persons, or body or bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $25,000 currency or sterling money at the rate of $4.86 2-3rds to the one pound sterling, and to cause all such sums so raised, or received, to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Corporation for the purpose and with the objects hereinafter recited;

Sec. 2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made, executed, and issued for such sums as may be required not exceeding however the sum of $25,000 either in currency or sterling money (at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling) as may be required, each of the said debentures being of the amount of $1,000 or its sterling equivalent at the rate aforesaid, and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said Corporation and signed by the Mayor thereof;

Sec. 3. The said debentures shall bear date the first day of August, 1894, and shall be made payable in fifty years from the said date at such place either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be designated thereon, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, and the signature to the interest coupons may be either written, stamped, printed or lithographed.

Sec. 4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum from the date thereof which interest shall be payable half yearly at such place either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be expressed in the debenture or coupon.

Sec. 5. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause the said debentures and interest coupons, either or both, to be made payable at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or in the Dominion of Canada, as may be desired.

Sec. 6. For the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the interest on the said debentures during their currency there shall be raised annually the sum of $1,125, and for the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the debt at maturity there shall be raised annually the sum of $164.

Sec. 7. For the purpose of payment of the said sum in the next preceding paragraph mentioned, there shall be raised and levied in each year a rate of 1-14th of one mill in the dollar on all the ratable land or land and improvements in the City of Victoria, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

Sec. 8. It shall be lawful for the said Municipal Council from time to time to purchase any of the said debentures and such debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said Council to redeem and purchase the same on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of the said debentures.

Sec. 9. The said Association shall immediately after this by-law shall have received the assent of the ratepayers of the Municipality of the City of Victoria, and before the said Corporation shall have paid the said mortgage debt or other debts or any portion thereof, make and execute a proper conveyance to the said Corporation of all those parcels of lands described as follows: All those certain parcels or tracts of land, situate in the District of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, being composed of the North Westerly three and thirty-eight one-hundredths (3 38-100) acres of sub-division 10 (ten) of section twenty-eight (28) Victoria District, and more particularly described as follows: Commencing at a point on the Eastern boundary of said section twenty-eight (28) Victoria District, two thousand and eighteen (2018) feet south from the north east corner of said section twenty-eight (28); thence south two hundred and forty one feet nine inches (241 ft. 9 in.) along said eastern boundary; thence west and parallel to the southern boundary of the Driving Park, five hundred and ninety eight (598) feet to a road hereinafter described; thence north along the east side of said road, two hundred and forty one feet nine inches, (241 ft. 9 in.) to the Driving Park; thence east along the southern boundary of the Driving Park six hundred and twenty (620) feet to the point of commencement, and more particularly delineated on the map or plan attached to a certain indenture made the 18th day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, between John Sylvester Bowker, of the City of Victoria aforesaid, and Mary Bowker, his wife, of the one part, and the said mortgagors and trustees of the other part and registered in the Land Registry Office at Victoria aforesaid on the 2nd day of September, A.D. 1891, in Absolute Fees Book, vol. 13 (thirteen) folio twenty-nine (29) as number 12,500 a, together with the right of way over and along the road fifty feet wide running north from the Cadboro Bay Road to sub-division eleven (11) of section twenty-eight (28) along the western boundary of the hereinbefore described piece or parcel of land as the same is now used and traveled, and that certain piece or parcel of land commencing at a point on the western boundary of section sixty-one (LXI) Victoria District, two thousand and eighteen (2,018) feet from the north west corner thereof; thence two hundred and forty-one feet nine inches (241 ft. 9 in.) south along the said western boundary of section sixty-one (XLI); thence at a deflection angle of ninety two degrees seventeen minutes to the left two hundred and sixty-seven feet eight inches (267 ft. 8 in.) to the western side of Cadboro Bay Road, thence two hundred and forty-two feet six inches (242 ft. 6 in.) north along the western side of the said road; thence west two hundred and eighty one feet eight inches (281 ft. 8 in.) to the point of beginning, containing in all one and fifty, two one hundredths (1 52-100ths) acres more or less as shown on the map or plan attached to a certain indenture made the third day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety one, between William Henry Thistle of the said City of Victoria, of the one part, and the said mortgagors of the other part, and registered in the Land Registry Office at Victoria aforesaid, on the 2nd day of November, A.D. 1891, in Absolute Fees Book, vol. 13, folio 110 as number 12,734 a, together with all buildings, fixtures, commons, ways, profits, privileges, rights, easements, and appurtenances to the said hereditaments belonging or with the same or any part thereof held or enjoyed or appurtenant thereto, and all the estate, right, title, interest, property claim and demand of the mortgagors and of the trustees, in, to and upon, the same premises, together with all improvements, etc., thereon or appurtenant thereto, and deliver the same in escrow to the Bank of British North America, at the City of Victoria, to be delivered to the said Corporation, when and so soon as the said Corporation shall have paid and satisfied the said mortgage debt and other debts as aforesaid to an amount not exceeding however the said amount of $25,000 or such other sum as may be realized from the sale of the said debentures.

Sec. 10. The Corporation of the City of Victoria, may upon such terms and conditions as to it may seem just and reasonable grant to the said British Columbia Agricultural Association or to any other Association, Society or Company, having for an object among others the holding of agricultural exhibitions, the use of the said lands, buildings and premises, but the said Corporation in respect of such exhibition, shall in no way be liable for any debts, expenses, expenditures, losses or damages incurred or sustained by any such association, society or company, holding such exhibition, or by any person or persons attending or exhibiting any article or thing at such exhibition.

Sec. 11. This by-law shall before the final passage thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided for in the Municipal Act, 1892, and amendments thereto, and shall take effect on the first day of August, 1894.

Sec. 12. This by-law may be cited as "The Exhibition Loan By-Law, 1894."

Passed the Municipal Council this 27th day of April, 1894.

NOTICE.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at the Public Market Building, Cormorant street, for North Ward; at Barnes' Building, Bastion Square, for Central Ward, and at No. 27 Government street (east side) for South Ward, on Tuesday, the 15th day of May next, and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER C.M.C.
City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, April 27th, 1894.

A BY-LAW

For Granting Aid to the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.

Whereas the directors of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital have applied to the Corporation of the City of Victoria for the sum of $35,000 to aid the said hospital in paying off its indebtedness.

And whereas the Corporation of the City of Victoria has determined to grant such aid by donating to the said hospital the sum of $35,000;

And whereas the said Corporation is authorized to make such grant by subsection 13 of section 104 of the Municipal Act, 1892;

And whereas for the purpose aforesaid, it is intended to raise the said sum of $35,000 by way of loan upon the credit of the Corporation of the said City;

And whereas it will require the sum of $1,505 to be raised annually by rate for the payment of the new debt and interest.

And whereas the whole ratable land and improvements or real property of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, according to the last revised assessment roll for the year 1893, is $18,511,412;

And whereas it will require an annual rate of 1-10th of a mill in the dollar for paying such new debt and interest;

And whereas this by-law may not be altered or repealed, except with the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council;

Be it therefore enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation by way of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, from any person or persons, or body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $35,000 currency or sterling money, at the rate of $4.86 2-3 dollars to the one pound sterling, and to cause all such sums so raised or received to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Corporation for the purpose and with the object hereinafter recited;

2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made, executed and issued, not exceeding however, the sum of $35,000 either in currency or sterling money, (at the rate of $4.86 2-3rd to the one pound sterling,) as may be required, each of the said debentures being of the amount of $1,000, (or its sterling equivalent at the rate aforesaid), and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said Corporation and signed by the Mayor thereof;

3. The said debentures shall bear date the first day of August, 1894, and shall be made payable in 50 years from the said date, either in Great Britain, the United States of America or the Dominion of Canada, as may be designated thereon, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, and the signature to the interest coupons may be either written, stamped, printed or lithographed.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, at such place either in Great Britain, the United States of America or the Dominion of Canada, as may be expressed in the debentures or coupons;

5. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause the said debentures and the interest coupons, either or both, to be made payable at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America or the Dominion of Canada, as may be desired.

6. For the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the interest on the said debentures during their currency there shall be raised annually the sum of $1,575 and for the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the debt at maturity, there shall be raised annually the sum of $230.

7. For the purpose of the payment of the said sums in the next preceding paragraph mentioned, there shall be raised and levied in each year a rate of 1-10th of one mill in the dollar on all the ratable land or improvements or real property in the said City of Victoria, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them;

8. That it shall be lawful for the said Municipal Council from time to time to purchase any of the said debentures and such debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said Council to redeem and purchase the same on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of the said debentures.

9. This by-law shall, before the final passage thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided for in the "Municipal Act, 1892," and the amendments thereto, and shall take effect on the first day of August, A.D. 1894.

10. This by-law may be cited as "The Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital Aid By-Law, 1894."

Passed the Municipal Council on the 27th of April, A.D. 1894.

NOTICE.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at the Public Market Building, Cormorant street, for North Ward; at Barnes' Building, Bastion Square, for Central Ward, and at No. 27 Government street (east side) for South Ward, on Tuesday, the 15th day of May next, and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, April 27th, 1894.

A BY-LAW

To Enable the Corporation of the City of Victoria to raise the sum of $100,000 for Sewerage purposes.

And whereas, for the purpose aforesaid it is intended to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, the sum of $100,000;

And whereas it will require the sum of $5,150 to be raised annually by rate for the payment of the new debt and interest;

And whereas the whole ratable land and improvements or real property of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, according to the last revised assessment roll for the year 1893 is $18,511,412;

And whereas it will require an annual rate of 36-100ths of one mill in the dollar for paying such new debt and interest;

And whereas this by-law may not be altered or repealed except with the consent of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council.

Be it therefore enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation, by way of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, from any person or persons, or body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $100,000 currency money, at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, and to cause all such sums so raised or received to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Corporation for the purpose and with the object hereinafter recited;

2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made, executed and issued, not exceeding however, the said sum of $100,000, either in currency or sterling money, at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling, as may be required, each of the said debentures being of the amount of $1,000, (or its sterling equivalent at the rate aforesaid,) and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said Corporation and signed by the Mayor thereof;

3. The said debentures shall bear date the first day of August, 1894, and shall be made payable in 50 years from the said date, either in Great Britain, the United States of America or the Dominion of Canada, as may be designated thereon, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, and the signature to the interest coupons may be either written, stamped, printed or lithographed.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, at such place either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be expressed in the debentures or coupons;

5. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause the said debentures and the interest coupons, either or both, to be made payable at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be desired.

6. For the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the interest on the said debentures during their currency there shall be raised annually the sum of $4,500 and for the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the debt at maturity, there shall be raised annually the sum of $656.

7. For the purpose of the payment of the said sums, in the next preceding paragraph mentioned, there shall be raised and levied in each year a rate of 36-100ths of one mill in the dollar on all the ratable land or improvements or real property in the said City of Victoria, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them;

8. That it shall be lawful for the said Municipal Council from time to time to purchase any of the said debentures, and such debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said Council to redeem and purchase the same on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of the said debentures.

9. This by-law shall, before the final passage thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided for in the "Municipal Act, 1892," and the amendments thereto, and shall take effect on the first day of August, A.D. 1894.

10. This by-law may be cited as the "Sewerage Loan By-Law, 1894."

Passed the Municipal Council the 27th day of April, 1894.

NOTICE.

Take notice the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at the Public Market Building, Cormorant street, for North Ward; at Barnes' Building, Bastion Square, for Central Ward, and at No. 27 Government street, (east side) for South Ward, on Tuesday, the 15th day of May next, and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.
City Clerk's office,
Victoria, April 27th, 1894.

The Victoria Lithograph Co.

Upstairs, Corner of Government and Yates Streets, VICTORIA, B. C.

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SOME of our Victoria Merchants still send orders to Toronto and other Eastern Cities, in the mistaken notion that they can get it done cheaper. They of course know they cannot get it done better than in Victoria. We are prepared to do the work at Toronto Prices, if orders of the same size are given to us as are given to Toronto houses.

Call and see samples of our work before placing your orders with drummers.

Keep the Money In the Country.

Orders may be left at the TIMES Office.

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W. R. CREECH, Manager.

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Used by the best families in Great Britain for polishing silver and plated ware.
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VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON, Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Soc. Late with Dr. John Woods, V.S., Sin Sain, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 103 Yates Street. Telephone 132; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, Has removed to new offices corner of Broad Fort and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MUSICAL.

GEO. W. FUGGLE, PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER. Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 10 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next post-office. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 423.

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Shelton, room 7, Moody Block, cor. Yates and Broad Sts., under Imperial Phonograph Gallery.

MISS FOX, Teacher of Piano and Harmonium. RESIDENCE—36 Mason street, near Pandora avenue. mar21-3m

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dtxi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 36 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY. The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS. Court Vancouver No. 5935, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brethren are invited. SIDNEY WILSON, Sec. fe13

VICTORIA COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the 2nd Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fort streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary. 1028

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE No. 2, A. F. & A. M., R.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fort streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. J. A. BROWN, Secretary. myl3

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 120, R.R.S. Regular convocations held on the 2nd Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. H. SWINERTON, scribe E. 1-19

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, Regular congregation every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. R. PETERKIN, K. of R. & S. ocl3

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join. E. G. SMITH, Secretary.

QUEEN'S MARKET. L. GOODACRE, Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS. Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Repairing promptly attended to at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 139.

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE, 137 Cormorant Street.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. A. C. WEST, Surgeon Dentist, Office Rooms: 2, 3 & 4, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C. Dr. West calls particular attention to the Gilmore Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conducting, and perfect adaptation, thus giving in all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anæsthetic. my17-3-w

JOSEPH SEARS, Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger. Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Glass, etc. 114 Yates Street.

NOT RESPONSIBLE. BR. SHIP BENMORE. Capt. Scott, from Liverpool. Neither the Captain nor the undersigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew of the above named vessel without their written order. R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd., Agents. a25-1m

Teeth Without Plates. By Dr. Findley's new method artificial teeth can be inserted without plates, nothing whatever covers the roof of the mouth, no rubber is used to give a bad taste and interfere with the speech. This system is specially adapted for public speakers, singers, etc., etc. 88 1-2 Government Street.

NOTICE—DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership heretofore existing between Samuel Kirschberg and Frederick Landsberg, carrying on business under the name and style of the Victoria Loan Office, at 133 Government street, Victoria, has been dissolved by mutual consent from the date hereof.

Mr. Frederick Landsberg will assume all liabilities and collect all assets of the late firm, and will continue the business on his own account under the name and style of the Victoria Loan Office.

Dated 14th April, 1894.

SAMUEL KIRSCHBERG. (By his attorney in fact, Frederick Landsberg.)

FREDERICK LANDSBERG. Witness—S. Perry Mills. a24-1m

Notice to Subscribers.

During my absence from the city Albert Wylde will collect all subscriptions to the Daily Times. B. HAIGH. Daily Times office, April 21.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRENVILLE P. KLEISER AT Y.M.C.A. HALL Tuesday and Wednesday May 8th and 9th Admission 50c.

GRAND BALL.

The Annual Ball of the N. and S. Saanich Agricultural Society will take place on the evening of FRIDAY, MAY 11. Doors open at 7 o'clock. Tickets for lady and gentleman, $1.50, including supper. Music by City Band. m5-1w

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Girl, 14 or 15, for general housework. Apply Box 311, City. m5-2t

GOOD LIVE AGENTS WANTED who will go out and rustle for the Massachusetts Benefit Life Association. Apply in person to G. G. Bigger, Prov. Manager, Brunswick Hotel.

WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; permanent position. Brown Bros., Co., Nurserymen, Portland, Ore. j6m&w

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—By an active, healthy, pioneer of British Columbia, employment in any capacity for a few months or longer. Salary little consideration. Apply to H. S., No. 8 Harbor Cottages, Store st. Reference, Lenz & Leiser, Yates street. a30-1w

COMPETENT CLERK, book-keeper and correspondent, with knowledge of shorthand and languages, offers his services for small salary sufficient to pay living expenses. Address "Stenog," Times office. a12-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A new 16 ft. rail boat, fully equipped; at Mellor's, Fort street. m4-1w

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A flat of eight furnished rooms. For particulars enquire at 13 Trounce avenue. a26-tf

FOR SALE—Two splendid building lots within twenty minutes' walk from post-office, close to car track, public school and park; frontage on two streets; price $650 each. Address "Property," Times office. a24-2w

HORSE FOR SALE, price $150; a good buggy horse, thoroughly quiet, does not object to tram cars, steam engines or anything else. Apply at H. M. Naval Yard, Esquimalt. a22-tf

TO LET.

COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOMS to let; use of bath; terms very moderate. Apply 67 Kane street. a24-1m

ONE OR TWO first-class bedrooms to let and housekeeping accommodation for married couple. Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior street, James Bay.

TO LET OR LEASE—The American Hotel, 20 room and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue or Burnes House.

TO RENT—Five room, well furnished cottage, desirable location, with large garden; rent $25. Apply at Clarence Hotel.

TO LET—Or for sale, a new house, with 6 acres of land, about three and a half miles from post-office. Apply Alan S. Dumbleton, 51 Langley St. feb7-tf

TO LET OR LEASE—Hotel with 20 rooms and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue. j3-tf

BOARD AND LODGING.

NICE ROOMS and board. 281 Fort street.

FURNISHED ROOM to-let, also stable and hay loft. Apply 34 Michigan street, James Bay. a30-1w

TO LET For housekeeping, two rooms, furnished, with water. Mrs. Wharton, 13 Caledonia avenue. ap9-1m

MISCELLANEOUS

WHERE TO BUY NO. 1 DRY COED WOOD—At Scotch Bakery, 103 Douglas street; telephone No. 17. Steam wood sawing done in any part of city. Your order solicited. A. C. Howe. m5-1m

WANTED—To purchase a six-roomed house for cash; state full particulars. Address "Alf," Times office. m5-2t

WANTED TO EXCHANGE—Five acres of land with improvements; also one cow, three heifers, chickens, etc., for house and lot in town. Apply P.O. Box 461. may3-4t

WANTED—Party with capital of $1,000 to put in a stock of general merchandise at the best trading point in the province. Liberal inducements to the right party. Address H. P., Palmerston, Boundary Creek, B. C. ap25-1m

HOUSE WANTED—Within about half a mile of the Postoffice; 7 or 8 rooms; must be comfortable, with modern conveniences, etc. Address, giving particulars and stating rent expected, to "Visitor," Times office. mar 16-1w

The Japanese Bazaar

NEW GOODS CHEAPER THAN EVER!

Porcelains, Baskets, Matting, Curios.

T. S. FUTCHER, Importer and Retailer, 41 Fort Street VICTORIA, B. C.

Maternity Home (LATE SAMARITAN.) Removed to 229 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Plumerfelt, Gorge Road.

THE HALF WAY HOUSE BETWEEN ALBERNI AND NANAIMO.

Stage bi-weekly and good travelling trade; house contains six rooms and additions; good stabling for 14 horses and vehicles; food and root houses, etc.; 160 acres of good land, 16 acres cleared.

Party purchasing would have no difficulty in obtaining license as there is no licensed house between Wellington and Alberni. For sale, $2,000, terms one half if required. Apply J. E. Crane & Co., 20 Broad St. m2-1w

NOTICE.

COMPETITIVE PLANS

and Estimates of Cost for the Construction of a Permanent Roadway across James Bay on the line of Government St. between Humboldt street and Belleville street, will be received at the office of the undersigned on or before the 1st day of July, 1894.

Plan and profile of sight and particulars of competition may be seen at the office of the City Engineer.

Awards—1st prize, $350; 2nd prize, $150. By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C., City Clerk's Office. Victoria, B. C., April 26, 1894. 3-1m

THE DAILY TIMES

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The Daily Times.

DECLINE IN IMMIGRATION.

In the latest number of the Canadian Gazette the following statement is made: "The emigration season of 1894 has opened unsatisfactorily. Of that there can be no doubt. The board of trade returns for March, in which month the Canadian emigration season may be said to begin, show a decline to which, we believe, no recent year supplies a parallel. The total emigration from British ports was last month just one-half of what it was in March of last year, while the emigration to Canada decreased no less than 64 per cent. Emigration to the United States fell away about one-half, and that to Australia about one-third only. Thus, though emigration is generally on the down grade, that to Canada would appear to be especially so. Particularly marked is the decrease in foreign emigration to Canada through British ports, and this suggests one of the explanations of the Canadian decline of 64 per cent." Other people than the Canadian Gazette may well wonder why this should be the state of affairs, since special efforts have been put forth to advertise Canada and make known her attractions for British emigrants. The Dominion government, the Canadian Pacific and the Manitoba government have all done extra work in this line, while the reports of the British farmer delegates have been remarkably favorable. The Gazette finds several causes for the falling off. One is the awakening of local life in Great Britain by the county councils and parish councils acts, giving the people an incentive to stay "at home" rather than try their fortunes in a new land. Another is the increase in the steamship fare from four to five guineas, which makes a decided difference in the cost of travelling for large families. But the main cause, the Gazette declares, is the great fall in the price of wheat, which at present offers little encouragement to settle in the prairie country. It appears to us that this decline in wheat would be as likely to depress the farmer in England as to keep him from going abroad, and that the Gazette probably gives it too much weight as a deterrent to emigration to Canada. Other causes which the Gazette does not mention should be taken into account. One is the height at which the Canadian Pacific chooses to keep its freight rates, a mistaken policy which tends to keep people out of the Northwest and British Columbia. Another lies in the high duties which our government persists in levying on the necessaries of life. The British emigrant is well aware of the burdens laid on settlers in Canada by the unwise tariff policy pursued at Ottawa, and a little real tariff reform would do more to attract him hitherward than all the immigration agents' efforts and special advertising mentioned by the Gazette.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Spokane Miner: We think the Dominion customs authorities are making a great mistake in exacting a duty on practically all classes of mining machinery. Their customs act permits the free importation of "machinery of a kind not manufactured in Canada," but when this rule comes to be applied and free entry is sought for any specific piece or set of apparatus, the ruling is at once made that "similar machinery is made in Canada" and the full tariff is demanded. For instance a concentrator is wanted for the Slocan country and the purchaser goes to the manufacturer of Lower Canada and inquires for jigs and slime tables to treat lead ore; they offer him machines suitable for treating copper but have nothing that will fit his case at all. He must perforce buy in the United States and pay 30 to 35 per cent. duty on his machinery. This excessive charge is a detriment to the mining business of British Columbia, and keeps many claims from being developed and put on a paying basis. It is a pennywise policy also, for if the Canadian authorities did all they could to build up this industry, they would be repaid many times in customs duties for what they would lose on machinery by the duties they would collect on other classes of goods and from the impetus it would give to general trade throughout the mining regions of the Canadian northwest. The free entry of mining machinery would be money in their pockets.

When speaking to the meeting of his particular friends in Vancouver Premier Davie was in his usual promising mood, but on that occasion he seems to have kept his promises on safe ground. The construction of a dry dock, the removal of the Burnaby shoal, the building of a lighthouse at Observation point and the establishment of a provincial university at Vancouver were brought to his notice as local desiderata, and to all these things he gave a willing assent except the university. He thought it would be a good thing for the province to have a university, but he was cautious enough not to say that he thought it should be located at Vancouver. As this was one matter over which he had control—the others being within the jurisdiction of the Dominion—Mr. Davie's adroitness in dealing with his Vancouver friends may be perceived. So long as the premier confines himself to promising things within the control of the Ottawa government he keeps within the bounds of safety and makes no troublesome contracts for the province, whatever be the effect on his own political fortunes.

Whenever a new government candidate is nominated the Vancouver World announces that he is going to "lead on to triumph" or to "carry the government standard on to victory." The World should look about for a new stock of metaphors, since those old ones have been worked to the point of exhaustion. It may also be well for the Vancouver organ to remember that it is running the risk of evoking from the Victoria organ another lecture on the sin of prophesying for the purpose of keeping up its own courage.

A LITTLE GAME SPOILED.

To the Editor: It almost made me laugh when I read that little paragraph in the Colonist, "A little game spoiled." It really is amusing how any one could crowd so many "clerical errors" into so small a space. The language used is really very beautiful, I must admit, but when shorn of its "clerical errors" it makes "a horse of another color." Thus:

"There is of coure no truth whatever in what the Colonist says about the premier at Cowichan. He asked them to give him as a colleague Mr. Sutton, a slavish supporter of the government. Mr. Davie made this unreasonable request at the Cowichan meeting. He saw what every one else who had the least discernment perceived, that Major Mutter was a thorough gentleman, an exceedingly popular man and an independent supporter of the government, and that Mr. Sutton wanted to get in unperceived. Major Mutter saw this and exposed the little game of that gentleman. He had no idea of allowing Mr. Sutton to get into the legislature under the guise of the premier's coat tail without warning the electors of his true character. All that Major Mutter did was to put the premier and Mr. Suton in their proper place. This is a very different thing from that published in the Colonist that Major Mutter was an opponent of the government." COWICHAN.

GOLDWIN SMITH.

The Oxford Professor Gives Opinions on Politics and Trade.

New York May 7.—Professor Goldwin Smith of Toronto was a passenger on the Umbria from Liverpool yesterday. He has been abroad about six months, chiefly for his health. A portion of that time he spent at Oxford, and the remainder, until about three weeks before he sailed, when he was in London, he was in the Isle of Wight. During his stay in London, the changes in the government took place, by which Mr. Gladstone retired and Lord Rosebery assumed the position of premier. Prof. Smith discussed the topics just now engaging public attention in English politics to a reporter.

"Mr. Gladstone, since his retirement, has been devoting his attention to his eyesight," said Prof. Smith, "and is soon to have another operation performed. His retirement from public life is attributed by many to his health, but I think that political considerations had something to do with it. His failure to carry the home rule bill through the house of lords was one thing, and another was his position against the naval bill. A third consideration was his attitude towards the disestablishment of the church in Wales. He was pledged to that measure, but, I think, preferred that others should have the responsibility of putting the bill into effect. The disestablishment of the church in Wales is an important measure, and the discussion of that, with the registration bill, has crowded into the background the home rule question for the present. It means that the church in Wales will lose the tithes, that state and church will be entirely separate, and the churches themselves will become government monuments, as one of the speakers has put it."

"What is to be the fate of home rule for Ireland?"

"In the opinion of many, the proposition is dead. It is not known now whether Lord Rosebery will bring forward the home rule bill again. He has strong imperialistic ideas and it would not be natural for him to do so unless the Irish members insisted upon it. If they again held the balance of power, and were in a position to make emphatic demands for it."

"Will it be possible to pass a home rule bill if Lord Rosebery brings one forward through the house of lords?"

"That is difficult to say. It is my opinion that if this question were made the single issue in an election, and the same strength in favor of it were returned to parliament, the lords would give it serious consideration. They would almost necessarily do so, but if in the election the home rule question were combined with two or three or half a dozen other questions, then the lords could fall back upon the argument that this was but an incident, and that those who favored it in parliament had not come from the people with this as the main question. Under these circumstances the passage of the home rule measure through the house of lords would be a difficult thing to do."

"What is the condition of business in England?"

"In addition to the outside influences business in England is particularly dull just now, because of the low price of wheat. This has caused a prostration of the agricultural industries and the consequences are that business of all kinds is dull."

THE ELECTION CAMPAIGN.

Nominations and Meetings on Both Sides of Politics—Sword for Dewdney.

Mr. G. O. Buchanan Asked to Run on the Government Side in West Kootenay.

Major Mutter met a number of Cowichan electors at the Shawnigan Lake school house on Saturday evening, the attendance being rather small because of some misunderstanding as to the place of meeting. The chair was occupied by Mr. Hallett. Major Mutter explained to the gathering his position as an independent supporter of the Davie government; if elected he would give that government a general support, but would feel himself free to act independently as regards local matters. After referring to the meeting at Duncan's he read the following letter, which shows that the hostilities of that meeting have been followed by a treaty of peace:

Attorney-General's Office, Victoria, 1st May, 1894.

Major Mutter, Somenos, B. C.

My dear sir:—Referring to the matter of your candidature and to the assurance of general support which you have given, and also to the expression of regret at the misunderstanding which occurred at the meeting at Duncan's, I cordially accept the same and now beg to say that I shall be quite content if you are the choice of the people of the District as my colleague.

Regarding the contest as between Mr. Sutton and yourself, I must also say that should the electors decide to elect Mr. Sutton I shall be equally satisfied and that from this time I shall exercise no preference either in favor of Mr. Sutton or yourself, being quite content to leave the election to the will of the voters. I may also say that I have written a similar letter to Mr. Sutton. Yours very truly,

THEODORE DAVIE.

Major Mutter spoke at some length on the general affairs of the province and referred to some local matters, such as the improvement of the Cowichan river and the advisability of the government maintaining trunk roads. He thought the statistics of the expenditure in the district should be furnished in detail, a remark which the meeting cordially endorsed. The Major further expressed the belief that the member for the district should frequently confer with his constituents on local matters. He concluded his address by offering to reply to any questions that the audience might wish to put to him.

Mr. Hoy thereupon brought up the vexed road question. He pointed out that the wrong-headed system of road building was answerable for the squandering of much money. Roads were first made crooked and then had to be straightened, or were run on improper lines and had to be changed in a short time. He asked Mr. Mutter's views on this road business.

Mr. Mutter thought a capable man in each district should be appointed to control the road-making, who should be held responsible. This idea was objected to by Mr. Hollings, as the mischief now done arose from a government appointee having sole control.

Mr. Garnett offered some very severe reflections on the present system, which he summed up by saying that the government and its agents seemed to be afraid of completing the roads too soon, leaving them without a convenient agency for the purchase of votes. He mentioned as an instance the Mill Creek bridge, which was rebuilt some two or three times because the job was wrongly done at first. Other cases of changes in roads and the building of roads where not needed were mentioned. Mr. Garnett advocated the election of a road committee to direct the spending of the road money. At one time when a deputation from the district waited on Mr. Davie at Victoria he had promised to secure them this change, but afterwards when he spoke at the famous Cobble Hill meeting he pronounced against it, having been induced to do so by some of the "family compact," which now practically controls the road-making in Shawnigan. Mr. Davie was not a man of his word, and was unfit to represent any district in the house.

Mr. Mutter agreed that there should be a road committee, and if elected he would endeavor to have the privilege extended to the district. He saw no reason why the government should refuse to consent. He repeated that the representative should take every opportunity of meeting his constituents to consider such matters. In reply to another question he expressed himself in favor of the railway being extended north as far as possible. If the company did not do this work the government should. He objected to the system of land subsidies for railways; all such subsidies should be in cash, the land being pledged as security if necessary for the raising of the money. The government should not lose control over its land.

The meeting closed with a vote of thanks to the chairman and a vote in favor of Major Mutter and the government.

Nakusp Ledge: There is no dearth of candidates to contest the north riding of West Kootenay both for and against the Davie administration. Among the names suggested are Messrs. Howson, Tapping, Brown, Kellie and Haskins, of Revelstoke; McKay, of Lardeau; and McDougald, of Nakusp. So far Messrs. Tapping and Haskins are the only ones who have declared themselves by the publication of their cards, but Mr. Kellie is an acknowledged aspirant. But neither of the two parties first named come out squarely on party principles, seeking rather to ride the independent horse. Independence is a cry that has been exceedingly distasteful to the settlers of West Kootenay, but more particularly is it abhorred here. Mr. Tapping is an unknown quantity and can command but little weight, while Mr. Haskins, though he may pole a portion of the mining vote, is not looked upon with any degree of apprehension. In his platform, the latter has stolen two of the planks of our local man—an act of practical impudence. The citizens of Nakusp will support no man who has not the courage of his convictions and can take a decided stand in upholding them.

Mr. G. O. Buchanan, of Kaslo, sawmill owner, has been named as a candidate in the government interest in the south riding of West Kootenay in opposition to Mr. J. F. Hume. A number of government supporters met at Nelson on the 1st instant and adopted the following resolutions:

1. That the present government has been vigorous and progressive in provincial affairs, and has done well for this riding generally, in the past.

2. That for this reason, and, as representing a powerful, united party, the government should receive support in the coming general election.

3. That steps should be taken to secure an acceptable candidate for this riding, who shall support the government.

4. That such candidate should be a capable resident of the riding, willing if elected to consult his constituents generally on important matters, and that his place of birth, or place of local residence in the riding is immaterial.

5. That G. O. Buchanan, Esq., J. P., is a fit and proper candidate to be recommended to the electorate.

The government press is our authority for the above statements. Should Mr. Buchanan accept the nomination and be elected, we feel certain that he would not form one of the "thumbs-up" brigade. He would probably vote in accordance with his convictions, and would be found in antagonism to the government quite as often as he would be in accord with it. Mr. Buchanan is not the sort of a man that the premier wants as a supporter.

The opposition convention for Dewdney riding met at Mission on Saturday, and was presided over by Mr. A. W. Peen, Mr. Lazenby being secretary. On motion of Mr. Wright a resolution was adopted thanking General Kinchant for the work of organisation he had accomplished in the riding and expressing the hope that he would before long find scope for his abilities as a legislator and counsellor. General Kinchant, in replying, gave an account of the organization he had effected and mentioned his reasons for opposing the present government. He then briefly explained his reason for withdrawing from the candidature, inasmuch as he did not wish to split the vote, and also that he regarded Mr. Sword as a better man, whom he would do all in his power to support. In conclusion he begged to nominate Mr. Sword for the riding. Subsequently a general motion was carried naming Mr. Sword as the candidate for Dewdney riding. Mr. Sword spoke at some length on the questions concerned in the present contest. He condemned the erection of the parliament buildings, the manipulation of the Nakusp & Slocan railway contract and other actions of the government. Mr. Cotton also reviewed the situation and made a strong appeal for support for Mr. Sword.

The government supporters in Richmond riding are asking Mr. John Hendry to become their candidate for the legislature.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has Attained An Enormous And Still Increasing Sale.

TROUBLE OVER LINES.

A Legal Point Involved in the Smith-Hardaker Quarrel.

W. S. Smith, of the Craigflower road, was arrested Saturday charged with removing land marks. Later in the evening he was liberated upon $1,000 personal recognizance. This morning in the police court, the case was called, but was continued until Wednesday morning. The prosecutor is W. T. Hardaker, the auctioneer of Douglas street. Here is the story as it is told: W. T. Hardaker some years ago bought a piece of property from W. S. Smith. The property is on the Craigflower road and is known in the offical book of the city assessor as lot 2, subdivision of block 8, and part of 19, block C, sec. 10. The lot purchased had a frontage of 40 feet and a depth of 130 feet. That is recorded in the deed of purchase. All went well between Mr. Smith and Mr. Hardaker, who are neighbors and have both built houses near each other, until the surveyors in the department of the city engineer came along several weeks ago and put their tapes on the road to give several persons who were wanting to build, the street lines. The lines given by the surveyors cut off a considerable frontage from many of the lots. The frontage thus cut off averaged from 9 to 12 feet. The lot owned by Mr. Hardaker had a strip taken away, and pegs which were in the ground were taken up and others put in. Mr. Hardaker claimed that he had bought a lot 40 feet front and 130 feet deep, from Mr. Smith, and that since it was the fault of Mr. Smith that he had staked his land on the road, he (Hardaker) was not to suffer. Mr. Hardaker went to a surveyor last Wednesday and the surveyor measured 130 feet depth from the line given by the city surveyor, and which almost corresponds to the old Hudson's Bay Company's stone posts, now nearly hidden from view in the earth. Thursday morning Mr. Hardaker awoke to find the stakes taken out of the ground and shifted back towards the Craigflower road. Hardaker suspected Mr. Smith. The surveyor again came and put in stakes, and the backs of Mr. Hardaker and the surveyor were hardly turned when up came the stakes. Saturday a warrant was issued, with the result as stated. Mr. Hardaker says that he is acting upon legal advice and that he has no right to suffer for the faults of the man who sold him the property. He said that since the warrant had been taken out a fence had been put up and that also had come down. Mr. Smith could not be seen, so his side of the story could not be learned, but he will likely tell it in the police court.

This incident is being eagerly watched by a number of neighbors who have purchased property from Mr. Smith and are also affected by the new city street line.

Warning to Mariners.

Washington, D. C., May 7.—The following notice to mariners has been issued by the lighthouse board: "Notice is hereby given that on April 21, 1894, outside bar whistling buoy, painted with black and white perpendicular stripes, and marked with the letter C in white was moored in a position about one and a quarter miles outside the bar in about one hundred and five feet of water, off the entrance to the Columbia river, Oregon. Bearings and distances of objects fixing the position of the buoy are: West tangent to north head north by east one-quarter east Cape Disappointment light house northeast by north; Point Adams lighthouse east five-eights north; Columbia river light vessel south one-eight west three and three-eight miles. This notice affects the list of beacons and buoys on the Pacific coast in 1892, pages 33 and 37, bearings are magnetic and distances in nautical miles, depth is given at mean low water.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

NEW WALL PAPERS AND ROOM MOULDINGS AT J. W. MELLORS, 76, 78 & 65 Fort Street. Telephone 406.

COMBS

We have just received a large consignment from Hamburg, Germany. First quality and reasonable prices.

COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists, Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Victoria is to be treated to Si Perkins.

—Fine fishing rods and tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—Chicken fencing, four feet high, 18 cents per yard, at McLennan & McFeely's.

—Shipping receipt books, 50 cents each; other stationery reduced in prices at Johnston & Co.'s bookstore.

—Some handsome dining room furniture, sideboards, tables, chairs, etc., at very moderate prices. We have only just received these goods. Weiler Bros.

—The closing of Miss McMicking's classes in physical culture will be marked this year with a bal poudre. The affair will take place in Institute Hall next Thursday evening.

—Detachments from Nos. 2 and 3 companies B. C. B. G. A., did their class firing at Clover Point on Saturday afternoon. The shooting was under the direction of Lieut. Blanchard the acting adjutant.

—Indian Agent Lomas conducted a sort of annual meeting of the Songhees tribe on Saturday night. A council for the year was appointed and a resolution passed asking that a portion of the interest money held by the Dominion government be donated to the relief of the aged and destitute and the orphans. Other resolutions were also put through.

—The Ladies' Aid of the Metropolitan Methodist Church will give a social this evening at the residence of Mayor Teague, corner of Cook street and Caledonia avenue. There will be several excellent musicians, including Madame Laird and J. G. Brown, present to assist in making the programme an entertaining one.

—The reward offered by the government for the arrest and conviction of the robbers who shot and seriously wounded W. J. Moggridge on March 30th has been increased from $250 to $500. Informers who may have been interested, but not as principals, are promised that they will be recommended for executive clemency.

—There will be a meeting in Pioneer hall to-morrow afternoon to arrange for the benefit to be given the B. C. Benevolent Society. That organization has a good sized sum tied up in Green, Worlock & Co.'s bank, and needs money very badly. The present project was brought up by a number of ladies, who promise to work hard for its success.

—Grenville P. Kleiser and Mr. Eurick will provide an entertainment in the Y. M. C. A. to-morrow and Wednesday evening, which should crowd the hall to its fullest capacity. Kleiser is one of the best entertainers on the American continent, his readings and recitations are of a very high order, and he is ably supported by the splendid musical talent of Eurick, the Victoria pianist.

—The steamer Barbara Boscowitz arrived back from the north at 8 o'clock yesterday morning. She had a very uninteresting trip, and her officers report that nothing at all of an interesting nature is going forgard at the northern ports. Bishop Riddley and wife were among the passengers, as was also Mr. Wollacott. A number of Indians and Chinamen were brought down also.

—A Chinaman ordered deported to China from Seattle on Thursday was sent via San Francisco, the recent landing of five Chinese here, two of whom were deported in the same way and three rejected, having caused the United States customs officials to change their plans. It is likely that some plan to avoid any danger of the men being landed here will be adopted and the Northern Pacific line will get the business again. It could be avoided by making Port Angeles the last port of call.

—At a meeting of fire underwriters held on Saturday afternoon H. T. Ceperley, J. J. Banfield, H. T. Heisterman and H. G. Ross were appoited a committee to draw up a uniform policy for insuring electric light and power plants. The following officers were elected: President, H. T. Ceperley, Vancouver; first vice-president; C. E. Woods, New Westminster; second vice-president, J. C. Maclure (Robert Ward & Co., limited), Victoria; secretary and treasurer, C. R. Townley, New Westminster. Executive committee—Victoria, C. E. Dickenson, J. St. Clair Blackett and J. Holland; Vancouver, C. F. Yates, A. H. Smith, A. A. Boak; New Westminster, A. W. Ross, F. J. Hart and T. R. Pearson; Nanaimo, J. M. Rudd, Marcus Wolff and A. E. Planta.

—The slate roof has been put on the public morgue.

—Prairie State Incubator for sale at McLennan & McFeely's.

—Guaranteed razors and outfits at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—A meeting of the creditors of A. J. Smith was called for 3 p.m. to-day.

—Shipping receipt books, 50 cts. each. Other Stationery reduced in prices at Johnston & Co.'s bookstore.

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra calf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams, 28 Broad street.

—You should see our "carpet stock" (for the spring), the largest, best assorted and the very best value your money can buy. Weiler Bros.

—The work of properly ventilating the police court room will not begin until the weather gets fine again. The new ventilators have been ordered, but they are not yet here.

—Following are the first ten pupils for April in the second division of the high school: Mary Agnes Nason, George Herbert Arthur, Elsie May Arthur, Mabel Grace Bunting, Leonard Spragge, Chas. Eilbeck Wilson, Maggie Susanna Blackburn, Mary Elizabeth Fletcher, Talbot George Devereux, Jane Gertrude Loat, A. D. Cameron, teacher.

—More relics of the ill-fated steamer Estelle are constantly being found. The steamer Coquitlam while in Johnson straits on her way down this trip picked up a life buoy with the name "Estelle" painted on it. Captain McCoskrie has it aboard the Coquitlam, but will probably turn it over to some of the relatives of those who went down with the steamer.

—The ladies of Victoria are asking for Priestley's dress materials, for they are learning that no other dress fabrics will give the same satisfaction. They drape with a softness and grace that gives perfect delight to every lady of taste, and being made of silk and wool so artfully interwoven a garment of Priestley's dress goods has an air of refinement about it as long as there is anything left of it.

—The repairs to the aviary at the park have now been completed and the place presents a very respectable appearance. The band stand will now be re-painted, not to prepare it for musicians, but just to have it look nice. The park is looking its best just now, and it is a pleasure to drive over the roads since they have been repaired. The work at the point where Dallas road joins the park road was badly needed.

—Secretary of the Navy Herbert left Washington on Saturday on a trip of inspection of the Mare Island navy yard and the naval station on Puget sound. With the secretary were his daughters, his niece, Miss Ethel Buell, and naval aide Lieut. Reed. The party will visit Yellowstone park, and in all probability they will come to Victoria also. They will be publicly received at all the western American cities.

—In the police court Angus McLeod, alias John Harly, charged with vagrancy, was convicted, to appear for sentence on the 14th inst. This will give McLeod a chance to get out of town. The case brought by Hubert J. Cook against Shorty Smith was withdrawn. Cook charged the Smith boy with throwing stones at him. The case against William D. Smith, charged with injuring landmarks, was continued till Wednesday next. Bail, $500.

—The steamer Islander, Captain John Irving, returned from Portland yesterday. She remained here only a short time and then steamed on to Vanvouver. She had on board a number of Chinese who were refused admittance at the Oregon port of entry and took them back to Vancouver. It was stated at the C. P. N. company's office that she would return here to-night, arriving between 8 and 9 o'clock. The Islander was at Portland for a couple of weeks, the work of hearing the cases of the Chinese having been very slow.

—Ald. Munn will move for the amendment of the health by-law at the meeting of the city council to-night. The amendment proposed reads: "Section 16 of the health by-law, 1893, is hereby repealed and the following section is hereby enacted in substitution thereof: 16. Whenever a medical health officer believes or suspects that any person within, or arriving or coming within the limits of the municipality of the cnity of Victoria is, or has lately been, exposed to infection, or that his or her clothing or other effects contain, or have been exposed to, infection, or has or have come from abroad or some other place in which any contagious or infectious disease is, or he has reason to believe is endemic or epidemic, said medical health officer may cause any such person, his or her clothing and effects, to be removed to a separate house, or otherwise isolate him or her, and may stop, detain and examine any such person, his or her clothing and other effects, until in the opinion of the said medical health officer the period of incubation of the said contagious or infectious disease shall have been completed; and the said medical health officer may disinfect, or cause to be disinfected, at such place and in such manner as he may consider most convenient and beneficial to the preservation of the public health, any such person, his or her clothing.

—Suits reduced from $35 to $25 and from $30 to $20, at J. W. Creighton's, 86 Government street.

—The steamer Islander left New Westminster at 1.05 to-day. She connected with the Pacific express and has the passengers and mail aboard.

—The official programme for the Queen's birthday celebration will this year have advertisements, the proceeds to be devoted to the general fund.

—The churchwardens of the Guild of the Good Shepherd of St. Mark's church will give a reception to the Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Arden to-morrow night at 8 p.m.

—At 7 o'clock on Saturday night a fire was caused at a house on Gordon street by a Chinaman lighting the stove fire with coal oil. The fire department did good work in extinguishing the flames. Damage $500; no insurance.

—Ground was broken this morning for the Pemberton gymnasium at the Central school. Eli Hume has the entire contract, but Edward Bragg will do the brick and stone work for him. The work will go forward rapidly, providing the weather does not interfere.

—The U. S. survey steamer Gedney will resume her work on the triangulation of the straits in a few days. She will be engaged for some time between here and San Juan island and along the shore of the latter, and will be in and out of Victoria harbor very often.

—The managers of the Centennial Methodist church have received a telegram from the delegates of the church at the synod at Calgary directing them to call a meeting of the congregation on Thursday at 8 p. m. It is expected that the delegates will return in time for it.

—Edward Hanna, Ada Grant and Hugh Lynn will be taken to the Westminster penitentiary some day this week. Hanna is to serve four years and Grant two, while Lynn will be held to await his trial. The property of Hanna will be put up for sale at auction within a few days.

—The United States revenue cutter Bear sailed from Port Townsend on Saturday for the Arctic ocean and Behring sea, via Sitka. The remainder of the Behring sea fleet expect to recive telegraphic instructions from the naval department relative to sealing regulations and depart by to-day.

—H. E. Connon, agent of the Northern Pacific Steamship Co., has received the flags of the firms of Dodwell, Carlill & Co. and the N. P. S. S. Co. The new bunting was displayed for the first time on Saturday. Mr. Connon has also received photographs of the principal officers of the steamship company. They are all very good.

—The latest news received at Esquimalt regarding the movements of H. M. S. Royal Arthur, flagship of the Pacific squadron, is that she will arrive at Monterey on Friday next and remain there three and a half days, and will reach Victoria about May 18. That will be in ample time to make arrangements for the part which the vessel is to take in the celebration.

—Provincial Constable Wollacott, of Alert Bay, arrived here yesterday on the steamer Barbara Boscowitz with a number of Indians in custody. The latter knew something about the movements of Hugh Lynn, who has been committed for trial, during the time and after he was at Savary island. It is not known yet how many will remain to testify or just what points they are competent to give evidence upon.

—The steam collier Wellington was docked on the marine railway yesterday. It was the severest test that the railway has had, but everything worked smoothly. Ten minutes after the collier was on the cradle she was high and dry and the men were at work cleaning her. She will be on the ways for a few days, and it is not unlikely that the bark Richard III., now in the roads, will be docked after the work on the collier is completed.

—Advices received by Superintendent Hussey from China Hat are to the effect that the story told by Charles Myers about a boy being held as a slave by the Indians there is decidedly of an Arabian Nights order. Myers was unwilling to work, and lived for a long time on the charity of the Indians and white people. He came and went when he pleased, no effort whatever being made to detain him. Myers has been discharged from the provincial jail.

—The firm of P. McQuade & Son are making the official sealing flags by direction of the Dominion government. The order calls for sixty, which is a few more than is needed, but it will be well to have them on hand. All the licenses will come here for signature by Collector Milne, who will forward 34 flags and the same number of licenses on the Empress of China to Japan. The licenses are in blank and will be filled out and given to the Victoria sealers by the naval authorities. The flags and licenses for the Canadian schooners in these waters will be forwarded from here.

—Victoria is at last to have a cold storage plant. R. Dunsmuir & Sons have taken the matter up and Henry Croft will take the active management of the plant. The warehouse will be located in the stone building adjoining the Janion hotel, the property recently acquired by the firm. The machinery has been ordered already and it is planned to use the boilers of the steamer Isabel. A set of machinery will always be kept in reserve to prevent an accident. An effort to foster local as well as foreign trade will be made.

Spring Novelties.
The latest styles in Millinery and Capes at Lansdowne House. J. Partridge.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

PRESBYTERY VS. MACLEOD.

The Synod Dismisses the Appeals and Sustains the Presbytery.

Calgary, May 7.—The synod having heard pleading in the appeal case, Rev. P. McF. Macleod against the decision of the presbytery of Victoria, charging him with irregularities in preaching on the 10th and 17th of September, 1893, in the old Methodist church, dismissed the appeal, and sustain the action of the presbytery.

In the second case of appeal Rev. P. McF. Macleod against the finding of the presbytery of Victoria disapproving Mr. Macleod's issuing certain certificates to members of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church without consulting the session and securing its approval at the time or on a subsequent date, the synod found that while ordinary cases at times demand such action, yet the peculiar circumstances under which the certificates issued justified the presbytery in the action taken. The appeal was therefore dismissed and the action of the presbytery sustained.

In the matter of the appeal the petitioners' organization for a new congregation in Victoria, against the decision of the presbytery, the synod dismissed the appeal, and sustained the presbytery in this action, but expressed to presbytery its wish that the petitioners should have the liberty to hold service as they are at present doing in the Methodist church until the expiration of the present lease of the building which takes place on September 1st. And further the synod expresses the hope that the appellants would then, or at a previous time, make application in proper form to presbytery for organization in the James Bay district. In agreeing upon this deliverance on these three appeals, synod wished further to recognize on Mr. Macleod's behalf exceptionally difficult conditions through which he was passing, and was therefore disposed to view leniently the irregularities which in other circumstances would appear more grave. Synod further informed the presbytery that the insertion of the subjoined clauses in the preamble to the finding of presbytery, from which appeal was taken by petitioners for the organization of the new congregation, does not meet with its approval, namely:

"Whereas, that Mr. Macleod is at present under censure of this presbytery and therefore cannot be appointed by this court," moved by Rev. D. G. McQueen, seconded by Rev. Thomas Scouler. Answering Mr. Macleod the moderator stated the resolution was so framed that he was allowed to continue his services as at present. All parties concurred in the judgment of the court.

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General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Montreal.

Allan Line, Laurentian	May 12
Allan Line, Parisian	May 19
Dominion Line, Vancouver	May 12
Dominion Line, Oregon	May 19
Beaver Line, Lake Ontario	May 12
Beaver Line, Lake Superior	May 26

From New York.

Cunard Line, Umbria	May 12
Cunard Line, Campania	May 19
White Star, Britannic	May 9
White Star, Majestic	May 16
American Line, New York	May 9
American Line, Paris	May 16
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Eibe	May 12
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Spree	May 15
Anchor Line, Circassia	May 19
Anchor Line, City of Rome	May 26
Red Star Line, Noordland	May 9
Red Star Line, Waesland	May 16

Saloon fares from $40 to $90 according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $30 to $40. Steerage, $23 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government Sts.

Our Rule:

"Do unto others as we would have others do unto us."

In Making Prices

We consider VALUES. It is not a matter of small cost, but of the equivalent of whatever is paid. That is the true estimate of economy.

We Are Governed

By the actual wearing quality of goods in naming prices. A dollar's worth of money for a dollar's worth of wear. Isn't that the better plan?

By Actual Values

In Spring and Summer Clothing for men and boys we hope and expect to retain your confidence, and we now present the

Latest Styles

In Spring Goods for inspection.

W. G. Cameron,
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THE STANLEY HOUSE
BANKRUPT SALE.

Remnants
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A week of Remnants, commencing Tuesday Morning, May 8th. Evsrything in the way of ends thrown out. Greater reductions than ever in all departments.

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The British Columbia Sugar Refining Company,
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VANCOUVER, B. C.
MANUFACTURERS OF Refined Sugars and Syrups
OF THE HIGHEST QUALITY.

PRICE LIST
(Applicable to Lots of not less than 10 Barrels or equal)

SUGAR—	Powdered, Icing and Bar, in Bbls.	5⅝c. per lb.
	Paris Lumps, in Bbls. or 100 lb. bags,	5⅝c. "
	Granulated, " "	4½c. "
	Yellow, according to quality, "	3¾ to 4⅛c. "
	100 lb. Kegs ⅛c. more, Half Bbls. ¼c. more, Boxes ⅛c. more.	
SYRUPS—	30 Gal. Barrels,	2½c. per lb.
	10 " Kegs,	2¾c. "
	5 " "	$2.00 each.
	1 " Tins,	$4.25 per case of 10
	½ " "	5.75 " 20

Payment by Spot Cash. All prices subject to change without notice. Special terms for lots of 100 Barrels and upwards.

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TO THE PUBLIC—We guarantee for our sugars absolute purity. Every dealer knows they are superior to any others in the market. COMPARE AND DECIDE FOR YOURSELVES. When you ask for B. C. sugar see that you get it.

Why not try
WYETH'S MALT EXTRACT?
Doctors highly recommend it to those
Who are run down;
Who have lost appetite;
Who have difficulty after eating;
Who suffer from nervous exhaustion;
And to Nursing Mothers,
as it increases quantity and improves quality of milk.
PRICE, 40 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

Place a Cake

OF BABY'S OWN SOAP

In your linen, drawer and it will impart to your clothes the delicate aroma of fine French Pot Pourri in a modified degree.

The longer you keep the soap before using it the better.

Beware of Imitations.

The Albert Toilet Soap Co., Montreal, Sole Manufacturers.

COUPON. America Photographed. PART 7.

Bring or send this Coupon with 10c. to the Times office and Part 7 of "America Photographed" will be handed to you. If sent by mail 2 cents extra will be required for postage. Cut out now and present before the end of this week as this coupon will be withdrawn at that time. Subscribers requiring portfolios to be sent by mail, to avoid writing a letter for each, may remit for the whole series or any part thereof, and portfolios will be mailed as issued.

COMBINATION COUPON. FOR EITHER PARTS 1 TO 6.
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Bring or send this Coupon with 10c. for each part to the Times office and the part or parts selected of "America Photographed" will be handed to you. If sent by mail 2 cents extra will be required for postage.
This coupon is printed for the benefit of those who have not received the parts numbered above to enable them to get the series from the beginning.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

A. P. A. PRINCIPLES.

The American Protective Association Declares Its Excuse for Existence.

Des Moines, May 5.—The supreme council of the American Protective Association completed its labors here to-night, after four days' session. The most important work was the preparation of the declaration of principles for the order, which was drawn up during the two days' conference. It is an important document in every way. The statement that Supreme Ruler H. H. Traynor had recommended 21 years' residence for naturalization was an error. His recommendation was ten years, and the supreme council finally decided that seven years should elapse between an alien's declaration of intention and naturalization. The council passed a resolution asking that this correction be made by the press. The declaration of principles is as follows:

First—Loyalty to true Americanism, which knows neither birthplace, race, creed or party, is the first requisite for membership in the American Protective Association.

Second—The American Protective Association is not a political party and does not control the political affiliation of its members, but it teaches them to be intensely active in the discharge of their political duties in or out of party lines, because it believes that all problems confronting our people will be best solved by a conscientious discharge of the duties of citizenship by every individual.

Third—While tolerant of all creeds, it holds that subjection to and support of any ecclesiastical power not created and controlled by American citizens and which claims equal if not greater sovereignty than the government of the United States of America is irreconcileable with citizenship. It is therefore opposed to the holding of office in national or municipal government by any subject or supporter of such ecclesiastical power.

Fourth—We uphold the constitution of the United States of America, and no portion more than its guarantee of religious liberty to be guaranteed to the individual and not to mean that under its protection any un-American ecclesiastical power can claim absolute control over the education of children growing up under the stars and stripes.

Fifth—We consider the non-sectarian, free public school the bulwark of American institutions; the best place for the education of American children. To keep them such we protest against the employment of subjects of any un-American ecclesiastical power as officers or teachers of public schools.

Sixth—We condemn the support out of the public treasury, by direct appropriation or by contract, of any sectarian school, reformatory or other institution not owned and controlled by public authority.

Seventh—Believing that exemption from taxation is equal to a grant of public funds, we demand that no real or personal property be exempted from taxation the title to which is not vested in the national or state governments or in any of their subdivisions.

Eighth—We protest against the enlistment in the United States army, navy or the militia of any state of any person not an actual citizen of the United States.

Ninth—We demand for the protection of our citizen laborers the prohibition of the importation of pauper labor and the restriction of all immigration to persons who can show their ability and honest intention to become self-supporting American citizens.

Tenth—We demand change of the naturalization laws by repeal of the act authorizing the naturalization of minors without a previous declaration of intention, and by providing that no aliens shall be naturalized or permitted to vote in any state in the union who cannot speak the language of the land and who cannot prove seven years' continuous residence in this country from the date of his declaration of intention.

Eleventh—We protest against the gross negligence and laxity with which the judiciary of our land administer the present naturalization laws, and against the practice of naturalizing aliens at the expense of committees or candidates as the most prolific source of the present prostitution of American citizenship to the basest uses.

Twelfth—We demand that all hospitals asylums, reformatories, or other institutions in which people are under restraint shall be at all times subject to public inspection, whether they are maintained by the public or by private corporations or individuals.

Thirteenth—We demand that all national or state legislation affecting financial, commercial or industrial interests be general in character, and in no instance in favor of any one section of the country or any class of the people.

The council tabled every motion attempting to commit the order to any distinct line of policy on money, labor, suffrage, temperance or other party questions, and also adopted a resolution declaring that no committee or other authority in the order could bind the members to any political action beyond their negative obligation. The council approved of the draft of a bill for the suppression of immigration, which will be sent to congress; also for legislation subjecting convents and similar institutions to public inspection. It was resolved that Washington City be the meeting place after 1896, and that all meetings be held with open doors, the public to be invited to witness and listen to all resolutions.

AMBUSHED AND SLAIN.

Two Hundred Mexican Soldiers Killed by Yaquis.

San Diego, May 5.—Advices to-day received from Guaymas, via Ensenada and the steamer Carlos Pacheco, state that the Yaqui Indians are also in insurrection and federal troops have met with disaster similar to that which recently befel Captain Wilson's party in Africa. About thirty days ago the Yaquis began their depredations, raiding rancherias and villages, looting and burning residences and carrying away captives, and as these captives never return their fate can only be surmised.

As soon as the news of the uprising was conveyed to the federal government troops were sent in pursuit. A large force drawn from different regiments, accompanied by a force of militia, at once started in pursuit, and followed the marauders towards their strongholds in the heart of the Sierras. Pursuit was pushed with all possible haste, commensurate with the degree of caution necessary in dealing with so wily, bloodthirsty and implacable foes.

On the afternoon of the fifth day of the march the trail led the pursuers into a long, deep, narrow defile in the Sierra de Bacatete. The walls of the canyon were almost precipitous, rising to a height in some places of over 2,000 feet, and covered with brush. The command was halted and skirmishers pushed forward to uncover any possible ambush. The skirmish line climbed the walls and beat the brush as far up as possible without results, and as the trail was clearly defined in the sand in the bottom of the canyon, the colonel in command ordered the column forward.

There was evidently a premonition of disaster, for the men who had cheerfully borne the fatigue of the five days' march through the rugged, barren, hostile country were suddenly hushed, and the only sound that came from the long column was the clang of sabres upon spurred heels and the crunch of sand under foot as the troops entered the narrow, tortuous defile.

Half the dangerous locality had been traversed with no sign of life nor motion from the cliffs towering above, and the men were beginning to breathe easier, when suddenly huge masses of rock and boulders, loosened from the cliffs nearly fifteen hundred feet above, came bounding from wall to wall down upon the hemmed in column, crushing horses and riders into shapeless heaps. Higher and higher rose the war cries of the well armed Yaquis, who began firing volley after volley into the struggling mass below, where all was confusion.

Horses dashed through the broken column, trampling on the dead and wounded soldiers; men writhed and screached under the weight that had crushed them down upon the earth; others sank under that pitless hail of rifle balls, while others less severely wounded and those still unhurt sought the bushes on either side and watched with cocked rifles for some sight of the bloodthirsty foes.

In such confusion it was impossible for the commands of the officers to be heard, but finally the colonel found a wounded bugler with yet life enough to sound a call. In a few moments, though still in range of those deadly rocks and rifles, those of the wounded able to move with assistance were started down the canyon, while those who were able to offer resistance fired volley after volley at random into the bushes on the cliffs, and had the satisfaction of occasionally seeing a half naked Yaqui leap convulsively from his hiding-place and come whirling down through a thousand feet of space.

As rapidly as possible the remnant of the broken column fought its way back to open ground, where their foes did not dare to follow, and after a brief rest dragged themselves back along the route over which they marched so cheerfully the day before.

The number of killed cannot be accurately stated, but out of the column of five hundred men it is said that at least two hundred are either killed or wounded. This is why the troops were ordered to embark at once from Ensenada to Guaymas.

It is also reported that after the disaster a young surgeon of the Fifth Regiment of the line, Dr. Jacob Corda, left La Mesa with a small escort to attend the wounded. While passing a place called Arenas his escort was ambushed and surrounded by Yaquis, but few making their escape. The doctor is said to have fallen alive into the hands of the Indians, who put him to the most barbarous torture. They first flayed his feet and then compelled him to walk over gravel stones and through bushes, and when the doctor fainted they lanced him in the most shocking manner.

It was reported that General Luis E. Torres, well-known in this city and ex-governor of Lower California, was in command of the column, but this is not credited. Gogernor Torres was transferred from the Peninsula to the chieftianship of the northern and western political zones of Mexico, mainly for the purpose of subduing the Yaquis and maintaining order in the turbulent States of Sonora ad Sinaloa. He is a brave and intrepid officer, experienced and cautious, and knows well the ways of the Yaquis. He would never have entered that pass until the cliffs had been scoured by scouts from summit to base.

It seems that the skirmishers, not being so agile as the Indians, only climbed a few hundred feet up the walls and finding no sign of the enemy pushed on about the same distance from the bottom of the pass, while the foes for whom they were searching were flattened against the rocks a thousand feet above. The Indians had purposely left a broad trail through the pass, and after pushing through had divided and doubled on the trail, a party creeping along the wall on either side and laying in wait for their pursuers.

The Yaquis are to Mexico what the Apaches are to Arizona, only if anything they are more cruel. They are magnificent specimens of manhood, few of them being under six feet in height, and possessing wonderful powers of endurance and ferocious courage. The Mexican government has resolved to extirpate them, and columns will move upon the Yaqui country from the east, west, north and south. The scene of the massacre is near the boundary line between the States of Sonora and Sinaloa.

Insomnia is fearfully on the increase. The rush and excitement of modern life so tax the nervous system that multitudes of people are deprived of good and sufficient sleep, with ruinous consequence to the nerves. Remember, Ayer's Sarsaparilla makes the weak strong.

Measuring a Millionth of a Degree.

Professor Langley of the Smithsonian Institute, as related in the report of the institution for the year ending June, 1893, has brought his bolometer to a state of high perfection. This instrument, in theory extremely simple, is a fine wire through which a current of electricity is kept flowing. The resistance of the wire varies with the temperature, and hence the strength of the current also varies. By measuring the current, therefore, the temperature of the wire can be ascertained. As is well known, Professor Langley has explored the invisible regions of the solar spectrum with this device, proving by it that in them, as well as in the luminous portions, fine absorption lines exist. In this and in other fields it has easily taken a place as one of the most valuable of existing physical instruments. In the latest and most delicate form the wire is one-five hundredth of an inch wide and one-five thousandth of an inch thick, and a difference of the temperature amounting to one-millionth degree centigrade can be perceived.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

Joseph Rodgers & Sons Ltd
TRADE CELEBRATED CUTLERY
MARK JAS. HUTTON & CO. MONTREAL & TORONTO
AGENTS FOR CANADA.

CONDEMNED TO DIE.

How a Silver Snuff Box Solved a Mystery and Saved a Life.

"There is in the possession of a family in Ashland, Pa.," said a well known resident of the Lehigh valley to a representative of the New York Sun recently, "a silver snuffbox which, although handsome and valuable, is not esteemed by its owners so much on that account as by the manner in which it came into their possession and for the remarkable story connected with it. On the inside of the lid is engraved the single word 'Cooper.' That word solved the mystery of a frightful tragedy, and solved it in time to prevent another tragedy about to occur under judicial sanction. Many years ago the farmers of some of the border counties of Pennsylvania and Maryland had been for a long time the victims of horse and sheep thieves, who despoiled them of much valuable property. A young German of the name of Conrad Winter, who was employed by a woman named Goodwin of Parkston, Md., was arrested, charged with being concerned in the thieving, and he was convicted and sentenced to six years in the penitentiary. This was in 1843. One day in the autumn of 1849 Mrs. Charles Cooper, wife of a prominent farmer who lived near Parkston, went to that village to do some shopping. Among other things that she purchased was a pair of shoes for herself of peculiar make. When she left the village to walk home it was nearly dark. She carried an alpaca umbrella with a yellow stain on one side of it. Her purchases were in a paper package. Mrs. Cooper was fond of snuff. She always carried a supply in a handsome silver snuff box, which she had filled at the store on this visit to Parkston. Mrs. Cooper did not reach home that night. Next morning search was made for her, and toward evening, in a lonely spot by the roadside, covered with brush, her dead body was found. The back of her head had been crushed in by a blow with some heavy weapon. Her umbrella and paper parcels were missing, as was her silver snuff box. A stranger had tramped through the village in the afternoon, and it was remembered that he had carried an umbrella and a paper parcel. Efforts were at once made to get at the stranger, but beyond the fact that persons travelling over the road between Parkston and York, Pa., had seen two men going toward the latter place in company, each with an umbrella, each with a paper parcel, and each in the jollest of humor wherever seen, nothing to give the people of Parkston a clue to the stranger with an umbrella and a paper parcel could be discovered. Then detectives from Baltimore were put on the case. Paul Kunkel, when he died only a short time ago in York, aged 70 years, was one of the most conspicuous and respected residents of that place. In 1849 he had been a citizen of York for several years and was an industrious man with a character beyond reproach. he had a wife and three children, and all were devout Catholics. In the autumn of 1849 a brother of his, who had been in New York for some time, made up his mind to return to Germany. As he intended to take the vessel at Baltimore, Paul accompanied him to that city, and after seeing him on board ship started to return home on foot. He left Baltimore at an early hour in the morning. He carried a common umbrella, and had under his arm a paper parcel containing articles he had bought in Baltimore for his wife and children. His course took him directly past the place where Mrs. Cooper's body was found a few hours later in the day. He passed through Parkston, and a mile or so beyond came up with a man who was sitting by the roadside. The stranger arose, spoke to Kunkel, and as he was also a German and travelling toward York, the two went on together. It was not long before the men ver quite well acquainted. The stranger told Kunkel that his name was Conrad Winter. He had an umbrella and a paper parcel. He offered to exchange the umbrella he carried for Paul Kunkel's umbrella. Although it had a big yellow stain on one side, it was much better than his own, and Kunkel did not hesitate to make the exchange. Kunkel was a man of jovial disposition, and Winter fell into his mood, so that every person they met was amused at their merry greetings and jovial snatches of song. When they arrived in York, Winter said he would like to remain a day or so in that place before he continued his journey, and Kunkel invited him to accept the hospitality of his household, which he did. He was treated with the greatest kindness at Kunkel's, and remained with the family two days, during which time he created no little amusement by his persistence in trading valuable articles from the paper parcel he carried for things of no possible value or use to him. He traded a new pair of women's shoes, of old pattern, to Mrs. Kunkel for an old flannel shirt, and insisted on presenting Kunkel with a silver snuff box. This Kunkel would not accept, nor let his wife accept. Two days after Winter went away Kunkel was followed home from his work one day by two men. They were detectives, and they arrested him on the charge of being the murderer of Mrs. Cooper. The house was searched. The umbrella with the stain on it, the peculiar shoes, and the other things were found and identified as the property of the murdered woman. Kunkel had heard of the murder through Winter, and when he found himself charged with the terrible crime he saw at once that he had been made the victim of the real assassin. The effect of this sudden revelation, and the fearful situation he was in, deranged Kunkel's mind so that he was unable to give any lucid or even connected explanation of the circumstances that pointed to him so palpably as the murderer. His wife could tell nothing about the meeting of her husband with Winter, because he had told her nothing about it, and in explaining the presence of the shoes and other things in the house she, in her terror and confusion, made her story contradictory and mysterious. Kunkel was placed in York jail until the necessary papers could be obtained and then was removed to Baltimore for trial. He was in prison for ten months before his trial came on, and during all that time his mind was in such a state that he could not be induced to give any account of his movements after leaving Baltimore, and his counsel and friends had nothing to rely on for their case but his good character. This was of no avail, and Paul Kunkel was convicted of the murder of Mrs. Cooper and sentenced to be hanged on the following September, on the day which proved to be the anniversary of the murder. Executive clemency could not be obtained, although the bishop of the diocese actively interested himself in the condemned man's behalf, as did many prominent and influential persons, including the late Judge Jeremiah S. Black. All hope was gone for the unfortunate man, but not until eight days before the day his sentence was to have been executed did he show that he understood or appreciated his awful situation. On that day Kunkel's counsel was surprised to receive a message from the prisoner asking for an interview. The counsel on entering the cell of Paul saw that a remarkable change had come over him. His mind had cleared and for the first time he realized his peril. For the first time, also, he was able to give his counsel a connected account of his movements from the time he left Baltimore. He described Winter minutely, and satisfied his lawyer at once that he was the victim of a heartless scheme of the real murderer. Detectives were immediately set to work searching for Winter, but no trace of him could be found. A respite was granted to Kunkel to give the officers more time. Winter, having been unable to force the silver snuff box on Winter or his family, took it with him when he left his victim's house. A week or so after that a stranger appeared in Ashland and obtained work in a blacksmith's shop there. He gave Winter as his name. It happened that another workman in the shop had only recently removed to Ashland from Buffalo. He was a subscriber to a Baltimore newspaper, and when the Kunkel murder trial came up he was interested in it, and at Winter's request read the accounts of the trial to him, Winter being unable to read English. When the man read how Kunkel had been seen coming away from the vicinity of the spot where the murdered woman's body had been found, and how the tell-tale umbrella and shoes had been found in Kunkel's house, Winter remarked that that was evidence to hang any man, and that he hoped Kunkel would hang. On the eve of the hanging when Winter's fellow workman read to him the story that Kunkel had finally been able to tell, although Winter had not changed his appearance from what it was as Kunkel described him, the workman did not suspect that he and the man Kunkel described were one and the same. It was not until three days afterwards that the truth was flashed upon his mind in an instant. He was talking with Winter about the strange case, when the German took a pinch of snuff from the box, as he had often done before in the shop, and offered his fellow-workman a pinch. Then the man noticed that the box was a handsome silver one and that on the inside of the lid was engraved the word "Cooper." That instant he knew that the murderer stood before him and had been with him for nearly a year. He dropped the box, and the gaze of horror he turned on Winter told the latter he had been discovered. He made a dash for the door of the shop, but the workman seized him before he could get out and told some one to call an officer. Winter was secured, and the Maryland authorities, who had failed to get any trace of him, informed of his capture. He was taken to Baltimore, where it came out for the first time that he was Conrad Winter, who had been sentenced to the penitentiary seven years before for horse and sheep stealing. He was tried and convicted, and on the scaffold he confessed. On his trial for sheep stealing he insisted that he had been forced into the crime by his mistress, Mrs. Goodwin, whom, he being bound to her, he thought he was obliged to obey in everything. In his confession to the Cooper murder he said that while he was in the penitentiary he had made a vow to have vengeance on Mrs. Goodwin as soon as his time was out. On being discharged he went straight to Mrs. Goodwin's. On his way he overtook Mrs. Cooper walking home from the village. He thought she was Mrs. Goodwin. He sneaked up behind her and smashed her head in with a heavy stone. Dragging her to the roadside he saw that she was not Mrs Goodwin. He took the things she had and covered her with brush. He slept in the woods near by, and next day, when he saw Kukel, he conceived the idea of casting suspicion on him as the murderer, and palmed her property off on him with that end in view. He said he had always intended to dispose of the snuff box, but for some reason could never make up his mind to do it after failing to get Kunkel to take it. The snuff box was used as evidence against him in the trial, and the man who had captured Winter by means of it expressing a wish to retain it as a memento of his having been able to save the life of an innocent man and bring a guilty one to justice, the husband of the murdered woman presented it to him, and it is his family that has it to-day."

It is not what its proprietors say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story of its merit. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures.

Ladies,
Mother Green's Tansy Pills.
Used by thousands. Safe, Sure and Always Reliable. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES. From all Druggists or mailed, free from observation, on receipt of $1.00. Sealed particulars, 3 cents.
LANE MEDICINE CO., MONTREAL, CAN.
For sale by Langley & Co., Druggists Victoria. m-w-3-17

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
Via Revelstoke
TO
Robson, Fort Shepherd,
Slocan, Hendryx,
Ainsworth, Nelson,
Balfour, Pilot Bay,
Kaslo, AND ALL
Kootenay Points.
For passenger and freight rates apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY,
Freight and Passenger Agent,
GEO. McL. BROWN, Victoria.
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Vancouver.
Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry G. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.
RUNS
Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,
TO
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.
THROUGH TICKETS
To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.
TIME SCHEDULE.
SPEED 18 knots — Victoria Route. — S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON." — TONNAGE 1117

8 30 pm	Lv	M 1	...	*Victoria...	110	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	35		Pt. Townsend	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	92		...Seattle....	20	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110		...*Tacoma...	M1	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.
* Daily except Monday.
E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, B. C.
A. D. CHARLTON
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent.
122 Pine Washington, Portland, Or.

Great Northern Railway
THE BUFFET LINE.
Passengers for Chicago Can Take Sleeping Car at Seattle Through Without Change.
Passengers leave Victoria at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the East, running Buffet Cars, with bath rooms, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and first and second class coaches.
Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenai mining district. At Jennings with stages for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.
Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.
For information or publications apply to
C. A. HATTRAY,
General Agent,
No. 4 Adelphi Block,
Govt. st., next to Postoffice, Victoria, B.C.
F. I. WHITNEY,
Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt.
St. Paul, Minnesota.

HONOLULU, by O. S. S. CO. ONLY SEVEN DAYS!
The Oceanic Steamship Company
Company's Island Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco
FOR HONOLULU ONLY
S.S. AUSTRALIA 3,000 tons) Saturday, May 12th, 1894, 2 p.m.
For passage apply to 120 Montgomery St.
For freight apply to 327 Market street.
For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change
The splendid New S.S. "Mariposa" Sails Tuesday
Alameda....Thursday, May 31, at 2 p.m.
Or immediately on arrival of the Eastern mails
J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.
General Agents.
or W. WEBSTER, District Agent. M. E. CONNOR, Agent, Boston Square, Victoria
CAPT. WM. WEBSTER
Agent for Puget Sound Territory.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y
Dispatch a steamer
Every 5 days for San Francisco
Carrying Her Majesty's Mails
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P M
City of Puebla - - May 8
E. P. ROGERS & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,
(LIMITED.)
TIME TABLE NO. 22,
Taking effect November 1st, 1893.
Vancouver Route.
Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.
New Westminster Route.
Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)
For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.
Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.
Northern Route.
Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 19 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.
Barclay Sound Route.
Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.
The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.
TIME TABLE NO 19.
To Take Effect at 5.00 a.m. on Thursday October 12th, 1893.
Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.
SOUTH BOUND.

Miles from Wellington	STATIONS	No. 1 Pacific Express Daily	No. 3 Pacific Express Sundays.
		Lv.	Lv.
0	WELLINGTON	8 00 am	8 00 am
6	NORTHFIELD	8 17	8 17
9	HAMMERFIELD	8 24	8 24
11	CEDAR HILL	8 30	8 30
14	COBLE HILL	8 37	8 37
17	MACHAN	8 44	8 44
21	KOKSILAH	8 53	8 53
24	DUNCANS	9 00	9 00
29	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	9 15	9 15
34	COBBLE HILL	9 30	9 30
38	MALAHAT	9 42	9 42
45	GOLDSTREAM	9 55	9 55
50	PLEASANT VALLEY	10 05	10 05
54	HILLSIDE	10 13	10 13
57	QUADRA ST.	10 20	10 20
59	VICTORIA	10 25	10 25
	VICTORIA	4 30 pm	4 30 pm

NORTH BOUND.

Miles from Victoria	STATIONS	No. 2 Pacific Express Daily	No. 4 Pacific Express Sundays.
		Lv.	Lv.
0	VICTORIA	8 00 am	8 00 am
2	QUADRA ST.	8 05	8 05
4	HILLSIDE	8 12	8 12
9	PLEASANT VALLEY	8 22	8 22
14	GOLDSTREAM	8 32	8 32
21	MALAHAT	8 45	8 45
25	COBBLE HILL	8 57	8 57
30	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	9 12	9 12
35	DUNCANS	9 27	9 27
38	KOKSILAH	9 34	9 34
41	MACHAN	9 43	9 43
44	COBLE HILL	9 50	9 50
47	CEDAR HILL	9 57	9 57
50	HAMMERFIELD	10 03	10 03
53	NORTHFIELD	10 10	10 10
59	WELLINGTON	10 25	10 25
	WELLINGTON	4 30 pm	4 30 pm

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS
Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Sunday.
Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.
No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.
Through rates between Victoria and Comox.
Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.
A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. E. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

QUICK TIME !!!
TO SAN FRANCISCO
AND
ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,
Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the
Southern Pacific Company
The Great Highway through California to all Points East and South
Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast
PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.
Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars
Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second Class Passengers.
For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations etc., call upon or address
THOS. A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent, No. 1102 Pacific Ave., Tacoma, Wash.
E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Pgr. and Pass. Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY
STEAMER
JOAN
J. R. BUTLER, Master.
On and after March 22nd, 1893,
Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:
Calling at Way Ports and Passenger goes may offer:
Leave Victoria.....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.
Trips to Texada Island are discontinued.
For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria.

HATS! HATS! Straw Hats, Felt Hats, Stiff Hats, Soft Hats. Our SPRING STOCK now complete. Newest Shapes. Latest Styles. See them. B. Williams & Co., Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson St.

INTERIOR INTELLIGENCE.

Items of Interest From the Upper Country Press—Accident on the C. P. R.

Strike on the Steamer Lytton—Men to Work for Nothing—Political Situation.

NAKUSP.

(The Ledge, May 3.)

Track-laying on the Arrow Lake railway has now reached a point thirteen miles below Revelstoke, and two or more this side of the Green Slide. Men are engaged clearing the land and arranging for the terminal facilities at the head of the lake, almost two miles south of Wigwam.

A company headed by H. A. Brown, have made application for a mile of placer grounds on the south fork, some distance from Trout Lake.

The waters of the lake are going up at a rapid rate, having risen over four feet in a week.

An epidemic of some kind has been devastating the stock of Fire Valley settlers of late, several fine horses having succumbed to the disease.

The Cariboo and Kootenay Prospecting company have taken up one and a half miles of gravel on the Lardeau creek and close to Trout Lake.

Eleven tons of Vernon beer arrived in on the Lytton Monday, destined to lubricate the vocal appendages of the masses.

The settlers of Fire Valley are busily engaged putting in their season's crops, principally roots.

The various hotels and business houses report a steady increase in the volume of their trade from week to week.

Messrs. Kellie and Haskins, candidates for political honors in the north riding, have intimated their intention of visiting Nakusp at an early date to address the electorate in this vicinity.

Nakusp will celebrate the 24th with as much pomp and enthusiasm as it is possible to scare up, it being understood that the Revelstoke people were very eager to participate in the fun. The programme will consist of various aquatic events, horse and mule races, pedestrian and general athletic performances for young and old, Caledonian sports, together with speechifying by the various would-be M. P. P.'s for the north riding. A pavilion will be erected for dancing purposes, while several arches will be put up to tone down somewhat the heightened color of the streets.

Dan McGillivray informed the Ledge that work on the Nakusp and Slocan railway would be recommenced on Wednesday, and would not cease until such time as the whole road was completed. The boats of the C. & K. S. N. Co. would commence hauling the rails and other requisites without delay, as the material was awaiting them in Revelstoke. At least thirty flat cars, a number of box and passenger cars, and another engine would be brought down at once.

Upon a number of the properties in the Lardeau district the owners have been engaged in performing development work throughout the winter, and the result is that in every instance the ledge has been fully proven, revealing large quantities of high-grade ore. At a few mines ore has been taken out to the dump ready for shipment, every ton of which will assay high in silver. Notably is this the case with the Silver Cup, owned by C. Holden, T. Down, P. M. Walker and S. McDonald. They have just finished a season's work on the property, and are highly pleased with the showing made. The ledge is well defined, with every indication of it widening as the tunnel is driven. About three carloads of ore is on the dump awaiting the opportunity to be shipped, which will assay from 300 to 1100 ounces per ton in silver. The great drawback to the general development of the country is lack of wagon roads and other avenues of communication.

KAMLOOPS.

(Sentinel, May 4.)

Mr. Fred H. Nelson, the popular proprietor of the Dominion Hotel, leaves on Saturday morning for Olds, N. W. T., where on Monday, May 14th, he is to marry Miss Bertha A. Patton, of that place, who has many friends in Kamloops, where she once resided. Mr. J. Beeton accompanies Mr. Nelson to help him start on the journey in wedded life.

Mr. J. F. Smith, of North river, had the roof blown off his house last Sunday. No one was hurt.

Mr. J. S. Lawrence, lately C. P. R. agent at Ashcroft, will likely be appointed superintendent of the Nakusp and Slocan railway.

A sad and sudden death occurred at the Royal Inland hospital on Monday morning. On Friday a young man named James Baird came to Kamloops from the coast and on Sunday morning, while at the railway station, was seized with a fit. He was taken to the hospital, where in spite of every attention, he gradually sank, dying on Monday morning. Mr. J. E. Sinclair, governor of Kamloops jail, who had known the deceased in Lanark, Ont., before he came west, notified his friends by telegraph and made all arrangements for the burial, which took place on Tuesday, Rev. A. Lee officiating. Mr. Baird's people now live in Portage la Prairie, but he has a sister at Langley Prairie. He was telegraph ling repairer in Blecillewaet, but afterwards made a trip to China in one of the C. P. R. steamers.

A meeting was held on Wednesday evening to consider the question of organizing a board of trade. A committee was appointed, comprised of the mayor and Messrs. Gagliotto, McIver, Whittaker and Ald. Smith, to correspond with secretaries of other boards of trade with a view to learning more of their methods of carrying on business and the objects to be accomplished by such a body.

REVELSTOKE.

(Correspondence Kamloops Sentinel.)

Work was commenced on Monday clearing the C. P. R. townsite, preparatory to laying the ground out in blocks and lots for building purposes.

A report is current that the Arrow lake road will not be completed this year any further than it is at present. One of the reasons given for the rumor is that although the snow is all gone, no steps are being taken to put the men to work who have been wintering here. There is a large force of them, of all nationalities, and as they are willing to work, it is likely they will not remain around town long unless there is some prospect of work commencing soon.

The warm weather of the past two weeks has had the effect of raising the water in the Columbia to such an extent that on Saturday the welcome sound of the Lytton's whistle was heard a short distance from town, and a few moments afterward she docked at the smelter wharf. The Marion was the next of the fleet to make the town.

On Saturday afternoon Mr. C. Erskine Shaw, of the postoffice department, publicly testied his belief in the statement that "it is not good for man to be alone," by taking as his wife Miss Fredrique Lindquist, sister of Captain Alexander Lindquist of the C. & K. S. N. Co.

PORT HAMMOND.

(From our own Correspondent.)

Port Hammond, May 5.—The weather still remains very wet, the spring being unusually late.

Mr. E. Mohun, of Victoria, arrived in the city on Thursday and will remain for a few days to inspect the dyke on the Pitt Meadows for the S. C. D. & D. Co.

The government's "few faithful" are in a terrible fright over the approaching elections. Some from this town might be seen running here and there to "button-hole" every voter they see.

We understand that Dr. Lefevre, of Vancouver, will sacrifice himself as the government standard bearer in this riding against Mr. C. B. Sword. We have to express our sympathy for the doctor as there is every indication that he will lose his deposit.

A most daring robbery was made here last night about 1:30 a.m., Mr. F. J. Lazenby, of the firm of Lazenby Bros., was awakened by hearing tapping on the glass windows. Thinking it was a customer who wished to gain admittance, Mr. Lazenby called out that he would be there directly. Mr. Lazenby then saw his mistake for the "gentleman of independence" made off in hot haste. Mr. Lazenby then proceeded to investigate and found that the burglar has extracted a large pane of glass. Mr. J. M. Dale's store was also entered and about seven dollars stolen. This only goes to show that the government should appoint a local constable in this place. There is every reason to suppose that the burglar escaped from "right under their noses," but owing to the J. P.'s living at such a long distance from the town it was impossible to have the warrant executed in time.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

(Columbian.)

The old voters' list up to August last, contained 1,426 names. In revising the list, 230 were transferred to other districts, and the "dropped" list numbers 465. This reduces the number of names on the old list to 691. There are, however, 300 names on the interim list and about 300 new names posted and which will be added to the list within the next four or five weeks, bringing the number up to close on 1,300. At least 100 of the 465 dropped names will be put back on the list between now and the date of the court of revision, which will bring the number on the completed list up to fully 1,400.

The provincial inspector of fruit pests, R. M. Palmer, was in the city to-day en route to "Chilliwack," where he will remain until the 15th, inspecting the many orchards in that vicinity. Afterwards he will visit the upper country, and, in company with Mr. Thos. G. Earle, of Lytton, who represents the interior of the British Columbia Board of Horticulture, will make a tour of the Okanagon country, where a series of meetings will be held to encourage fruit growing generally. At these meetings the best methods of dealing with fruit pests will be explained, and, as it will be impossible for the inspector to visit every farm, fruit growers will find it advantageous to hear what the officials have to say. The amended rules and regulations of the board of horticulture have been printed and will be distributed at once.

Capt. Peele reports that the rainfall Thursday night was 185 tons to the square acre. The rain was warm; the thermometer did not fall lower than 41 degrees, consequently melting the snow and raising the river.

Col. Scoot, of Port Moody, relates the circumstances under which the first celebration of May Day was held in the Royal City. Thirty-two years ago, on May 1st, 1862, a cricket match was played between a team from the Royal Engineers, then stationed there, and a civilian team, Col. Scott being a member of the latter. After the match, which was played on the grounds where the asylum now stands, the players retired to a bower constructed of fir and cedar branches, to refresh the inner man. While all were making merry someone remarked that it was May Day, and that they ought to have a May pole in front of the bower. The idea caught the fancy of all, and in a jiffy a stalwart young pine was stripped of its branches, and decked with wild flowers, and planted firmly in the ground. Then soldiers and civilians joined hands and circled round the pole singing the May Day song they learned as children in the dear old land.

A Woman as Mayor.

Women have the right to vote in New Zealand and as a result the town of Onehunga has returned a woman as mayor. The men of Onehunga are now trying to make out that this was some sort of an accident that caused Mrs. Yates to be elected mayor. Mr. Bakewel, a New Zealander, who writes of the subject in the 'Nineteenth Century,' says: "There was absolutely no wish for the franchise among the immense majority of women." Through their apathy it was forced upon them." However, when they had it they thought they might as well use it.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

A DEAR DAUGHTER SAVED.

Paine's Celery Compound Makes Her Active and Strong.

ALLOPATHIC AND HOMEOPATHIC TREATMENT PROVED ALMOST USELESS.

Fathers! Mothers! Make Your Dear Ones Healthy.

MISS STINCHCOMBE.

A loving and thoughtful mother gratefully testifies that her dear child was saved and made well and strong through the use of Paine's Celery Compound, that marvellous medicine that always cures after physicians give up and pronounce their patients incurable. Mrs. A. R. Stinchcombe, 19 William street, London, Ont., writes as follows:

"I think it my duty to write to you for the benefit of all who have delicate children and to make known what Paine's Celery Compound has done for my child. She has been delicate all her life. I have tried many medicines, and have had her under allopathic and homeopathic treatment, with but little benefit. Almost in despair, and as a last resort, I tried Paine's Celery Compound, and after using three bottles she is now perfectly well and strong. I have also used your medicine myself for complications arising from over work and lack of rest, and am greatly benefited thereby. I would strongly urge all who are in any way afflicted to do as I have done, try Paine's Celery Compound, and be convinced of its wonderful curing power."

It makes the heart sad and sorrowful to see the young suffer when they should be bright, strong and active, full of lively hope and pleasure and enjoying the glorious springtime of life.

There are thousands of boys and girls in our fair Canada who are in such a condition that they cannot happily mingle with their school fellows and playmates. They are pale, weak, restless, listless and fretful; their blood is impure and stagnant, and they go about half dead from day to day. Such boys and girls require a nerve food and builder—a medicine that will act on the entire nervous system.

Experience and grand results have clearly demonstrated that Paine's Celery Compound is just what you require for the strengthening and building up of the body, for the making of pure and healthy blood and for the harmonious working of all the digestive organs.

Do not trifle with the common advertised nostrums of the day; they aggravate suffering and often cause serious complications.

Paine's Celery Compound has the endorsement of the ablest physicians (many of whom prescribe it daily) in our land. You are not asked to use Paine's Celery Compound because it is recommended by those who prepare it; you have the testimony of your friends and neighbors to rely on; our best Canadian people have loudly spoken in its favor. Clergymen, lawyers, bankers, members of parliament, business men, farmers—all have written in its favor, and hundreds have confessed that it saved them from the grave.

Fathers! Mothers! surely this is the medicine for your dear ones. Now is the time to strengthen and tone up the weak children. Procure Paine's Celery Compound; do not be induced by some one to accept something else; there is only one medicine that can rescue and save the frail and perishing.

NOT MONOSYLLABIC LANGUAGE.

Chinese Made up of 60,000 Characters not Difficult to Learn.

There are about sixty thousand characters in the Chinese language proper, but the average Chinaman no more learns all of those characters than the everyday person in this country learns the one hundred thousand words in the English language. The Chinaman, however, learns on the average more than we in a similar position in life. A Chinaman who can neither read nor write is a rarity, according to the New York Evening Post. Chinese is not a monosyllabic language, as many suppose, and it is impossible to utter in the Chinese any but the shortest sentences in monosyllables. In writing the Chinaman makes one complicated but integral character for each word, but that word may be properly spoken in two, three or four syllables. His syllables are divided by no longer intervals than are his words, and that is what makes the language sound to a foreigner like a sing-song jargon. We do not know whether he is telling a story or attempting a song. The Chinese perhaps think the same thing of an American, who bites off his words and swallows them, or telescopes one into another. Business men thrown in contact with Chinese merchants who speak pure Chinese say that it is not difficult to learn. Instead of 26 letters, not including the odes &c. the Chinese have five or six hundred syllables, and these are combined into the various forms to make the sixty thousand words in their dictionary. These syllables vary in meaning according to the tone in which they are spoken or the strokes used in writing them.

A Chinaman can unite any two of the 60 syllables and make an intelligent word. This is not the case with the English language. This flexibility is perhaps owing to the shortness of their words (seldom more than three syllables) and the tone or strokes belonging to the syllable when spoken or written. A syllable may mean one or a hundred things, and its particular meaning is limited by placing another syllable of similar significance before or after it, using its particular tone or stroke when writing it. Sometimes the syllables are uttered in such rapid succession that they seemingly form one word, but the trained Chinese ears note the tones, and he is easily understood—the marvelous subtleties of accent conveying the expression to a nicety. He does not have to state a proposition, and then, in order to make himself clear, restate it by the usual "or, in other words." There are no "other words" with the Chinese. The tone gives the meaning. The Chinese have a system of 214 radicals, having various strokes from one to seventeen, which are combined with the characters. Each radical has a separate meaning, generally denoting the simplest object, as man, sky, earth, water, king. The student first learns these, which answer to the A B C; he next studies the syllables, or combinations, and thus he has learned to read and spell. Grouping the syllables into words depends upon his powers of speech or of composition in writing. What is popularly known as "slang" is not known to the Chinese. Their language is sufficiently copious without resorting to the brutal forms of speech. The most withering contempt or the keenest of satire may be expressed in the politest terms.

LOST OR FAILING MANHOOD,

General and Nervous Debility,

Weakness of Body and Mind. Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble Manhood fully Restored. How to enlarge and Strengthen Weak, Undeveloped Organs and Parts of Body. Absolutely unfailing Home Treatment—Benefits in a day. Testimony from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

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Graduate U. S. College of Embalming
PARLORS, 42 BROAD ST., VICTORIA, B.C.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer.
Government street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.
Office: 90 Johnson St.

VICTORIA COLLEGE,
BEACON HILL PARK.
(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.)

The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.

First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates, University, Professional, Commercial and Modern Courses.

Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply

PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A.
6e13 a,m,tdw 1y]

Real Estate.

TO LEASE—1 farm of 67 acres, 6 miles from city, water front, $150 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 9 miles from city with new 8-room house, etc., $250 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 25 miles from city, close to Sidney & Victoria Railway, cottage, stable, etc., $200 per year.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for city or suburban property, ranch 320 acres, 16 miles from Calgary, N.W.T.; 2 good roads to property; 305 acres fenced; 35 acres bush; good black soil; Elbow river crosses property; 3 good springs; well settled district; church, school, store, post-office, blacksmith shop, cheese factory, all within 1 and two miles. Price, $3,500.

80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, WITH house and stable, close to railway station; a good chicken and fruit farm; cheap.

THREE LOTS, 60x148 EACH. Splendid position; close to Fowl Bay; good level land; a bargain ($650) or single lots each. Postoffice box 361.

A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street, Opposite Railway Station.

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.
VICTORIA, B. C.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

REWARD.

A Reward of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000) will be paid for such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who, on or about the morning of the 18th inst., placed or caused to be placed or exploded, a bomb or other dangerous explosive on or near the residence of Alexander Sharp, at Wellington, in the County of Nanaimo.

Signed,
R. DUNSMUIR & SONS.
Victoria, B.C., March 16, 1894.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

NANAIMO'S BIG FIRE.

Sixty-Five Thousand Dollars' Damage Done Early Yesterday Morning.

Fatal Injuries to One of the Firemen—How the Losses Are Distributed.

Nanaimo, May 7.—A disastrous fire occurred here at three o'clock yesterday morning, destroying buildings, stock, etc., valued at $65,000.

The fire broke out in D. C. McKenzie's furniture store, situated at the west end and north side of Bastion street bridge. The firemen were quickly on the scene and had several streams of water playing on the burning buildings. The efforts of the firemen to stay the spread of the conflagration were fruitless. In a very short time the flames had consumed the furniture store and attacked Ralph Craig's carriage factory. It then got a firm hold on the electric light works and spread underneath the bridge to the buildings on the opposite side. By five o'clock the fire had done its work, every building in the block with the exception of Wenborn's machine shop being destroyed. The loss is estimated at $65,000, placed as follows: Electric light works, $15,000, insurance, $12,000; Craig's carriage works, $30,000 insurance, $9,000; McKenzie's store, $9,000, insurance, $5,000; Mrs. George's fruit store $1,000; Barrett's harness shop, $1,600; Chinese laundry, $1,500. The bridge was saved from destruction by the persistent efforts of the firemen, who suffered the disadvantage of a poor water supply.

So far the only cause assigned for the fire is that a lighted stove was left in the rear of McKenzie's building.

Harry Eastman, fireman, was seriously and probably fatally injured by a fall from the bridge. He sustained a severe fracture of the skull and is now in the hospital in a critical condition.

The insurance companies concerned are the London and Canadian, $9,000; Commercial Union, $5,800; Scottish Union and National, $3,500; British American, $2,200; Phoenix of London, $2,000; Phoenix of Hartford, $2,000; Royal, $1,500.

It was reported here early in the day that the entire lower portion of Nanaimo was threatened with destruction and it was immediately proposed to send assistance. Chief Deasy at once sent a query to the Nanaimo chief and got men and apparatus ready for a hasty start. He was, however, advised that the fire was under control. It was reported also yesterday that the loss would amount to $100,000 but a special dispatch received late this afternoon places it at $65,000. The electric light works will be rebuilt immediately as well as some of the other places destroyed.

BLACK DIAMOND DUST.

Increasing Population—Deep Boring—Great Sport—Fun for the 24th.

J. Hampson and James Tunstall have bought out S. Fox and F. Park's interest in the international saloon.

F. McB. Young has been busy acknowledging congratulations this afternoon. The boy was born Saturday morning. Mother and child are doing well.

Providing it is fine weather Contractor Frost expected to have the one thousand pound fire alarm bell in position on Monday morning.

The city council in accordance with their promise, have had the Devril square fire station comfortably fitted up for the convenience of the lacrosse players.

A. Dick, inspector of mines, was at Union on Thursday. He reports that a new shaft is being sunk at the back of the hospital, the depth of which will be between four and five hundred feet. The mines are working steadily. At present the ship Iroquois is loading.

The football match this afternoon between the Marshall and Gordon boarding house teams, resulted in a victory for the Marshalls who beat the Gordons (who were much the heavier) by 6 points to none.

A very pleasant reception was held at T. Thomas' boarding house, Wellington last evening, in honor of the marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Bucklee, where the newly-married couple will remain until their house is ready.

Dunsmuir & Sons have completed the first bore on the Sabiston-Horne estates in the Milstream valley, and it is reported have been fairly successful. A second bore will be put down at once near the East Wellington boundary.

In addition to the large excursions from New Westminster and Comox on the 24th it is now almost certain that the steamer Cutch will be chartered to bring over two or three hundred of Vancouver's population. The secretary of the celebration committee has received an assurance from the Vancouver fire department that they will put at least one team in the field, and from New Westminster comes a similar communication.

The Brackman & Ker

MILLING CO., Ltd.,

VICTORIA AND NEW WESTMINSTER,

MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS IN ALL KINDS OF .....

GRAIN & MILL PRODUCTS

125 GOVERNMENT ST.

FIFTEEN THOUSAND DAMAGES.

Good Work by the Firemen at the Westside Fire.

A defective electric light wire caused a fire at the Westside House, Government street, Saturday night at 7.30. Mr. Campbell, who was in the office, first noticed the fire, and quickly turned in an alarm. Smoke was already spreading throughout the building. The fire department responded quickly, notwithstanding that they had only just finished putting out another fire on Gordon street. When the department arrived smoke was issuing from the windows in the second story, where the fire originated, and it looked for a time as if the firemen would have hard work to even reach the fire. Ladders were raised to the window, but the dense smoke and intense heat made it impossible for the firemen to enter. A successful attempt was made to get at the fire from the staircase leading from the ground floor. The chemical was soon at work and the flames were quickly under control. In twenty minutes from the time of receiving the alarm the fire had been extinguished. The damage, however, was large, not so much from the fire as from the injury done to the goods by the strong acid solution of the chemical engine. The fire started in the cloak department, and everything in that department is either destroyed or damaged. The fire did not extend to down stairs, but the smoke did considerable damage to goods there. A fair estimate of the damage is from $10,000 to $15,000. The appraisers are at work valuing the damages and the store is closed for the present. When the fire occurred several persons were in the store, but they happened to be all down stairs. The stock is fully insured. Mr. Hutcheson, proprietor of the Westside, sent a cheque for $25 to the fire department for the good work done.

Marine.

The Empress of China will sail outward on May 15.

The N. P. steamship Victoria will sail outward on May 15.

The new bronze wheel for the City of Kingston arrived from Philadelphia on Saturday.

The steamer R. P. Rithet is out again, having spent the winter alongside of the dock. It is probably unnecessary to state that she left for New Westminster last night at 11 o'clock, as she blew a prolonged whistle before she left, and everybody in the province heard it.

DIED.

RITCHIE—At 26 Quebec street, James Bay, Ralph, eldest and beloved son of Robert and Minnie Ritchie, aged 2 years and one month.

Funeral leaves above residence at 2 p.m. Friends will please accept this intimation.

PASSENGERS.

Per Str. City of Seattle from the Sound—W H Hanson, Mrs Stoddart, H C Chrisbord, Reokett, W W Armstrong and wife, Miss Clark, Claude Davis, T Bullock, Jno Treber and wife, S Oppenheimer, H Heilman and wife and child, J S Latimer, J Hiscock, Miss Learned, Jno Harman, J T Shirker, Mrs P M Stroker, W C Dow, G Gerry and wife, E G Walker, W G Cameron, Miss McCurdy, J Hanna, E E Ainsworth, J C Denny, M J Denny, Miss Livingston, G O Keafer, K Mell.

Per Steamer Boscowitz from the North—May 6—Rev Bishop and Mrs Ridley, Miss West, T Piper, E Nicholas, G Bainbridge, F Woolacott, 23 Indians, 1 Chinaman.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—Mrs W W Clark, Miss Bulman, Miss Cusack, Miss Heathfield, Miss Iredeale, Miss B Iredale, C Rowlands, G G Bushby, H Kent, J Godson, Miss Monro, Miss McMicking, Miss E McMicking, Mrs Pauline, P Hibben, Mr Oliver, Miss Kew, N Hibben, Miss Wolff, Miss Pauline, Miss McNiffe, Miss S McNiffe, Mrs Simpson, Miss Robson, Mr Sheldon, Mr Thomas, Mr Kettle, Mr Oliver, Mr Kettle, C Lombard, C W Rhodes, Mr Baynton, F Sehl, Mr Stewart, Mr Reynard, Mr Plows, Mr Bantly, Mr Marboeuf, E Wolff, Mr North, Prof Pferdner, N J Langley, S Hitschcliff, J T Lake, Mrs Henilson, Capt Wester, F V Attlin, W H Gallager, C D Rand, A L Rogers, Miss Hall, S Angus, Ed Vigor, J B H Rickaby, Misses Jess, P Wood, B William, E Mohun, A J McKay, Thos Karns, Mrs Morris, R J Skenner, T McKennon, J M Bulliter, Miss K Burns, Mrs McMicking, J Brownlee, Mrs Brownlee, Mrs Bulles, E White, W Greenshield, H M Hills.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—Saturday, A Carlson, T Halk, R Selkirk, D J Harris, J Prior, G M Dillman, Geo S Kott, G J Jones, J W Whittier, H J Scott, R E Cooper, G A Ford, Sam Adler, Jos Inglis, Geo Mansbridge, W H Clark, R Flemming, Rev J M McLeod, C M McLean, J W Stearn, J W Stearn Jr, A K Stearn.

Per Str. City of Seattle from the Sound—Saturday—G Jones, w and s, M Smith, G Adams, W F Ollard, Jennie Philips, A Swark, S C Spencer, Mrs Knight, Miss E Denny, Mary Alexander, Miss Evans, W J Hoosen, Geo Woods, Mrs L A Moore, D Rose and wife, W Bowden, J Martin, W J Lamb and wife, J C Calbreath.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Boscowitz from the North—J Reid, J Moore, Turner Beeton & Co, S Leiser, H Saunders, F J Claxton, Mrs Garter, Albion Iron Works, J Piercy, T Shotbolt, R P Rithet & Co, Findley Durham & Co, A Robertson, W McGarry, M R Smith.

Per Str. City of Seattle from the Sound—Mrs W Hewarton, H B S & Co, Winch & Bower, McMillan & Hamilton, F R Stewart, A Anderson, Thos W Fletcher, C J Piper, Hanna & Bannerman, E G Walker.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—W J Pendray, J W Mellor, J Sarantis, Lowenberg, D Spencer, Order T B & Co, Thorpe & Co, N S Keeper, C H W Brown, J Freel, H Chapman, Fell & Co, W Wilson & Co, Hon E Dewdney, J Piercy & Co, W J Verge, R N McMillan, Weller Bros, Lenz & Leiser, W Marchant, C R King, Wilson Bros, J B Johnson, Annesty & Howell, A B Erskine, Langley & Co, Johns Bros, Watson & Hall, H Mansell, S Leiser, Colbert & Warner, Cookson & Plows, E O Baker, G C Hinton, J H Brown, Dom Exp Co.

Per Str. City of Seattle from the Sound—Saturday—Pither & L, Wm Tiegen, G Torsdale, Major & P, R McNich, J G Hutcheson, Works & R, Winch & R, F R Stewart, S Leiser, Geo T Corfield, Chas T Spratt, Hud Bay Co, S Leiser & Co, D H Ross & Co, Mre D D Daniel, Major & P, F Carne, W H Clark, B Van Volkenburg.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—Saturday—Union Colliery Co, Geo Powell, Armour & Co, E W & Co, Shore & A, J H Todd & Son, Hud Bay Co, C A Schooley, T Earle, H Bornstein, Dom Exp Co, Rank Exchange Saloon, Ames Holden Co, J Fullerton, G Maynard, W Duncan, Can Paint Co, Lenz & L, R Maynard, R McDonald, C J Hood, W Wilson, Wilson Bros, Geo Everton, Weller Bros, S Shore, A McGregor.

Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Has No Equal Have You Tried It?

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

THE WHEEL.

EASTERN MEN TRAINING.

New York, May 5.—T. W. Eck, trainer of John S. Johnson, has arrived in this city from Savannah, where his team of racing men are getting into form for the summer's campaign. In speaking of the conditions into which the various men are rounding, Mr. Eck said Johnson will undoubtedly be in great form this year. He is riding faster than ever, and the other day went a practice mile in 2:07 2-4, which is the greatest speed for that distance ever attained on a quarter-mile track.

The course in Savannah is made of cement and is in grand condition now. The team, which consists of J. S. Johnson, C. M. Murphy, G. F. Taylor, Charlie Callahan and R. W. Dawson, will be on edge by May 30th, when the regular racing season will be open.

Murphy is going better than ever before, and reeled off an easy half mile the other day in 1:03 3-5. Taylor, who generally does not ride well before July or August, is speeding to-day better than when he was at his best last year. He will be a factor in the contest for the championship crown this year.

THE TURF.

DIRECTUM'S INJURIES.

San Francisco, May 5.—Last Sunday night or early Monday morning Directum, the king of trotting stallions, was taken out of his stall at Pleasanton and turned loose to roam over the country and possibly injure himself on the barbed wire fences that abound in that locality.

"It was a dastardly piece of business," said Orrin Hickock yesterday. "It is a case of spite, and I have no hesitation in saying that it must have been done by a former groom of the horse. Everything points to him as the guilty party. Directum, when found on Monday morning, was covered with perspiration, and I fear that the black stallion may catch cold through being exposed all night."

As Directum is worth anyway from fifty to seventy-five thousand dollars a whole lot of care is taken of him. The nightwatchman at the hotel says the gate leading to the barn was closed the last time that he made the rounds, and that it must have opened about midnight. Directum was found by Mr. Alviso in dangerous proximity to a barbed wire fence, but he had escaped being cut.

A number of trainers scout the idea that the groom had anything to do with letting Directum out. They say that he likes the horse too well to do anything so malicious.

There is likely to be trouble about Directum in another way. John Kelly intends to sue John Green for damages. It will be remembered that after Green took Directum away from the Salisbury string it was announced that Kelly was to handle Directum in 1894 in connection with the trotters and pacers of Du Ross Brothers, of Denver. Kelly left California for his new position with the understanding that Directum was to be sent on some time in May. If any arrangement had been made with Kelly, John Green repudiated it last week by leasing the horse to McIver and Hickock. Kelly was furious when he heard of the new deal, and has written friends at Pleasanton that he will make Green pay dearly for what he terms a breach of contract.

THE RING.

LEGALIZED IN LOUISIANA.

New Orleans, La., May 7.—The supreme court having affirmatively decided the legality of boxing contests in this state, the new Auditorium Athletic club will to-night re-introduce the old order of things with a contest between Stanton Abbott, the English lightweight champion, and Andy Bowen for a purse of $2,500. The mill will take place in the arena of the Crescent City Athletic club, and John Duffy has been selected as referee. Rumors were afloat this morning that the municipal authorities, who are anything but satisfied with the supreme court decision, would endeavor to bring off the mill upon the grounds not hitherto touched upon in a legal sense. No official information, however, to this effect had been received by the management up to noon.

BASEBALL.

PALO ALTOS COMING NORTH.

J. A. Cobb, president of the Port Townsend Athletic association, has received a letter from Palo Alto notifying him that Stanford university would send a baseball team to the Pacific Northwest about June 15. It is intended to play an exhibition game in each city of importance on Puget Sound.—Post-Intelligencer. What is the matter with bringing the Stanford boys to Victoria?

A baseball glove marked with the name of the owner was lost on Saturday afternoon. Finder will be rewarded by returning same.

PERSONAL.

H. B. Rodgers spent yesterday at Koksilah.

J. S. Latimer, of the American customs, is in the city.

E. E. Ainsworth, of Seattle, is spending a few days here.

Miss Learned, of Port Townsend, is visiting in this city.

W. G. Cameron came over from Port Townsend last evening.

J. B. H. Rickaby and Ross Eckhart returned from the Mainland last evening.

Mrs. Jacob Sehl is again quite low. Several days ago she seemed on the way to recovery.

Walter Bowen, deputy collector of customs at Port Townsend, spent yesterday in the city.

Mrs. L. A. Moore, of Portland, Or., is visiting her daughter, Mrs. C. F. Jackson, of Belcher Avenue. Mrs. More will remain here several weeks.

At the Oriental: S. Hinchcliffe, Port Gulchon; J. S. Latimer, Port Townsend; Capt. Salmon and wife, San Francisco; Thos. McKinnon, Vancouver.

John C. Doulm, H. C. Chesborough, San Francisco; Chas. Penketh, London; Wm. C. Hanson, Tacoma; C. D. Rand, Vancouver, are registered at the Driard.

Ayer's Hair Vigor restores natural color to the hair, by stimulating a healthy action of the scalp. This preparation also produces a vigorous growth of the hair, and gives it a beautiful lustre and youthful appearance. Recommended by physicians, clergymen, and scientists.

How to Get A "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully.

Use Gibbon's Toothache gum, sold druggists.

No Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco Is Genuine Unless It Bears the Derby Cap Shaped Tag.

A person is prematurely old when baldness occurs before the forty-fifth year. Use Hall's Hair Renewer to keep the scalp healthy and prevent baldness.

A Little Daughter

Of a Church of England minister cured of a distressing rash, by Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Mr. RICHARD BIRKS, the well-known Druggist, 207 McGill st., Montreal, P. Q., says:

I have sold Ayer's Family Medicines for 40 years, and have heard nothing but good said of them. I know of many

Wonderful Cures

performed by Ayer's Sarsaparilla, one in particular being that of a little daughter of a Church of England minister. The child was literally covered from head to foot with a red and exceedingly troublesome rash, from which she had suffered for two or three years, in spite of the best medical treatment available. Her father was in great distress about the case, and, at my recommendation, at last began to administer Ayer's Sarsaparilla, two bottles of which effected a complete cure, much to her relief and her father's delight. I am sure, were he here to-day, he would testify in the strongest terms as to the merits of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

Argyle House

Just Received

A Manufacturers' Lot of

SAMPLES

Which we bought 30 per cent. below cost price.....

IN

Ladies' Ties,
Womens' and Childrens' Stockings,
Womens' and Childrens' Undervests.
Gloves,
Womens' Jerseys,
Handkerchiefs,
Sox, Etc.

IF YOU WANT

A BARGAIN

GIVE US A CALL.

J. Horner & Co.

83 Douglas Street.

Extra Choicest Moyune Gunpowder Tea 80 cents per lb.

R. H. JAMESON, - 33 Fort Street.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF,

LIMITED.

Agricultural Implements.
Builders Hardware.
Paints and Oils.

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Priestley's Cravenettes

(In light and medium-weight goods)

Are not only rain-proof, dust-proof and porous to air but are extremely stylish and come in the following shades:

Navy, Myrtle, Brown, Grey, Castor and Black.

Cravenettes are universally admitted to be the only satisfactory porous waterproof goods on the market.

N.B. TRADE MARK THE VARNISHED BOARD ON WHICH THE GOODS ARE WRAPPED.

The Priestley trade mark is always a guarantee of good wearing quality. Always ask for Priestley's.

WEILER BROS., Have Received

Per Steamship Mogul

3,600 YARDS of JAPANESE MATTING

ALL KINDS AND PRICES, FINE ASSORTMENT.

We have also received some Printed Toilet Sets, Demijohns, Butter Crocks, Filters, Etc. Other goods constantly arriving.

FORT STREET. VICTORIA.

Queen's Birthday Celebration.

IF you are too late for a BOAT get some of

PENDRAY'S IVORY SOAP

It floats upon the water and is the best SOAP for the BATH.

Ask Your Grocer for Pendray's

And don't be put off with another kind, for PENDRAY'S is the best.

JAPANESE

Flowers Plants and Goods

Per S. S. Empress of India from Japan and are now on view at the Store, a Fine Assorted Variety of Japanese Flowers and Plants of over FORTY DIFFERENT KINDS AND COLORS of rare beauty. Also a great variety of Japanese lanterns.

For Sale at BAZAAR, 90 Douglas St

A. WANIBE.

FOR SALE

6 Lots—2 Corners

ONE ACRE

The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.

THREE LOTS

Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain.

J. E. CRANE,

30 Broad Street.

ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES.
ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES.
ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES.

WE GRIND

Special and complicated Lenses for all the leading oculists of Victoria and the Province. Our work is equal in accuracy, quality and finish to the best that can be had ANYWHERE, and our prices are lower than if you sent away for the glasses.

F. W. Nolte & Co.,

THE ONLY OPTICIANS, 37 Fort St.

If you want your glasses neatly repaired bring them to us.

The Very Finest New Season's

MAPLE SYRUP

...AT...

Erskine, Wall & Co's

COR. GOV'T & FORT STS.

FRESH AND RELIABLE

Seeds THAT WILL GROW is what you require if you would have a bountiful crop of Vegetables and Flowers. We can supply you with the best seed in all varieties. Also thousands of

FOLIAGE AND FLOWERING PLANTS,

Now ready to select from

C. A. McTAVISH,

9 Park Road, Victoria.

Catalogues mailed free.

W. J. STODDART,

Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler

New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivotting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures. Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler.